

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

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PORTSMOUTH, N. H., MONDAY, AUGUST 21, 1899.

PRICE 2 CENTS

Are You Afflicted With Rupture?

If so you can be PERMANENTLY CURED without any loss of time from business.

This means that you will discard your truss forever. No money required until cure is effected. All information regarding method of treatment will be cheerfully given by

M. G. WILEY, M. D.,
AMERICAN RUPTURE CURE CO.,
2 MARKET ST., PORTSMOUTH.

OFFICE HOURS:—9 to 11 A. M., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M. SUNDAYS 10 to 12 A. M.

Parents are advised that we have at hand for vacation use all the necessary garments for the boys. Strong, durable suits and odd pant, blouses, overalls, shirts and stockings.

For small boys a large line of wash suits and blouses.

In our Men's Department a full stock of thin suits, pants, underwear, hosiery, bicycle and golf suits, crash suits and pants.

HENRY PEYSER & SON

York's Grandest Auction Sale of Shore Property
AT LONG BEACH, TUESDAY, AUGUST 22D, AT 10 A. M.

The Iduna Springs Land Company having plotted their valuable tract of land, abutting on three sides the Iduna Hotel Property, will sell at Public Auction, on the day and hour above-named, on the premises at Long Beach, 200 Fine Cottage Lots. This desirable property is located near the center of the beautiful and unexcelled Long Beach. It has a frontage of about 500 feet on the road leading to York Harbor, controlling all the beach in front. These lots contain from 4,000 to 20,000 square feet each and front upon broad avenues and are so laid out that in the plan a broad avenue extends from the rear lots to the ocean. It is claimed for this locality that its central position and magnificent beach gives it a greater combination of advantages than any other in York. It is about midway between York Harbor and York Beach. This property is within easy walking distance of "Roaring Rock," Dover Bluffs and York Nubble. The facilities for bathing are excellent. That the many as well as the few shall have an opportunity to own Shore Property and become interested in the growth and development of the wonderful coast of Maine, the owners have decided to make the terms of the sale at \$5.00 on each lot when sold and the balance at \$5.00 a month, and without interest and without taxes until paid for. A caterer will be present and a free lunch served on the grounds during the sale. Come everybody and accept "Old York's" most brilliant opportunity to become an owner of Real Estate.

For further information inquire of H. E. EVANS, Manager, St. Aspidoch Park, York Beach, Me., or W. H. MANAHAN, Hillsboro, N. H.
J. P. PUTNAM, Auctioneer, assisted by W. H. MANAHAN.

"Austin's" Dog Bread

In 3 Pound Boxes, - - 7 Cents Pound.
In 5 Pound Boxes, - - 7 Cents Pound.
Single Pound, 10 Cents.

"Austin's" Pet Dog and Puppy Biscuit
In One Pound Cartons, 10 Cents Each.

A. P. Wendell & Co.,
2 MARKET SQUARE.

A NEW HARNESS.

You Can Get One Made To Order At
JOHN S. TILTON'S
That Will Please You.

Repairing Attended to Promptly.

LETTERS FROM ALASKA.

Portsmouth Miner Sends An Interesting Budget of News.

W. J. Lewis of this city has received the following letters from an old friend of his who is doing well out in the Alaskan gold fields:

ANVIL CITY, CAPE NOME, ALASKA, April 23, 1899.

Friend Lou:—I feel like writing you a few lines tonight and I will begin at the time I wrote you last. We built our larnch last fall, 45 feet long, 4 foot hold and 11 feet wide, with a fine house with seven windows and eleven bunks. She ran with a stern wheel with a sprocket gear, like a bicycle, and would run nice in smooth water but when there was a heavy swell on, if her stern came out of water, the engine would race; so you see she was not fit for sea, though she was all right for river use. When we got her done it was so late we didn't have time to go up the river before it froze up.

There is a place here called Galivan Bay, about 70 miles from St. Michael's, straight across the Behring Sea; that is, it is about 70 miles straight across, but some 200 miles around the coast. This place was spoken of pretty well, so we thought we would go over there in winter and try our luck.

We started one morning and got out some 15 miles, but the swell was so heavy that the engine raced so that she broke and we had to return to St. Michael's. After this delay we had to give that trip up also, so one of the boys and your humble servant went up to the N. A. T. and T. Co., and I got a job as a carpenter and he as a painter at \$70 a month and board. He got \$65 at the Hotel Healey and during the winter all the six others got work; two of them as cooks, one as helper, one as watchman and one as carpenter. One lived on board the larnch, (board at the hotel is \$3 a day.) Two of the crowd started for Galivan Bay, after the first light snow storm, on foot with some others and got there at the time there was a great find at Cape Nome, some 75 miles from Galivan Bay, further up the coast. They were just in time for the rush for claims.

By that time the snow was quite deep and you had to travel in dog teams or deer-teams hired of the government (of which there are some 1500) and either costs \$10 a day. Our two men got there with the first of them and staked out 23 claims, and everyone expects they are good ones. We other fellows worked and furnished them with money. I worked until March 20th, and then I bought a couple of dogs for \$90, and one of our men came over from there with five more he had bought. Three of us started on March 22d for the mines, which are close to Cape Nome, up Snake River.

At the mouth of the river they have started a city to be known as Anvil City. We arrived here Apr. 8th at 3 p. m. There are about 25 log cabins, about 30 tents, and people coming every day. There were about 100 lots surveyed, a public square laid out and everyone is taken and more will have to be laid out. We have got five lots by the square; two of them are corner lots; one is reserved in a block for the city to sell for a hospital fund. One sold last week for \$30. It is estimated that there will be from fifteen to twenty-five thousand people here by August 1st.

A ship load of provisions came in from St. Michael's day before yesterday from the A. C. Co., and yesterday I put up a large frame and put on a very large tent for a store house, until they can build a house; also had five men help me. I worked until 5 in the evening and received a dollar an hour and two dollars an hour for working over time, making \$16 for the day. A British steamer got in today with 150 passengers and another smaller ship with 150 tons of fresh beef in cold storage, also a small launch from somewhere, but it could not land as it is stormy today and very rough. Tomorrow I presume they will put ashore and it will be quite lively here. There are two saloons going full blast.

Everyone travels with a dog team here, so you see why dogs are so high. We had seven and about 800 lbs. of grub and blankets. There was a 50 lb. sack of flour sold here for \$35 the other day and you couldn't buy any at that, as grub is very scarce, for it has to be hauled by dog teams from St. Michael's.

It is expected wages will be \$10 a day and board, here this summer, and possibly \$15. If we have good claims, I think I shall come home in the fall and come back next spring but cannot tell for sure so far ahead.

I haven't seen a paper since last October or heard a word from the states since then. This is a pretty hard life but if I get what I came for, I won't mind, and I think I shall.

Kindly remember me to Philbrick in

the drug store and also to General Hoyt.

Sincerely yours,
B. J. Brown.

P. S. The post master at St. Michael's was here a short time ago and offered me a hundred dollars a month to go over and help him in the post office until the last boat went out in October.

Another letter enclosed in the same envelope and which speaks for itself, ran as follows:

ANVIL CITY, Alaska, May 7, 1899.

Friend Lou:—This is Sunday here (I wonder what it is in the States,) and I have kneaded up my bread and put on some rice to boil, so will drop you a line.

I am feeling first rate and am living on leins and bread without any butter or syrup or hardly anything else but I don't mind, as another winter at this time I will be living high with you at home. I was up in the mines this week, but it is too early to go to work yet. I am building a log cabin 14 by 15 ft. Three of us dig the logs out of the snow and pull them on a sled for a mile and it is no snap, either. There is quite a city here now and they are still coming in from all directions. Lots are pretty high and rising. We have 15 of them and good ones. I wish you were here now, for I think you could make a dollar, but it is no snap, I tell you. A fellow just came in to have his hair cut, so I will have to postpone this until later.

Yours,
B. J. Brown.

Another letter bearing the following date ran as follows:

ANVIL CITY, Alaska, June 16, 1899.

I must write you a few lines before I go to sleep. One fellow cleaned up his day's work tonight for six men and he had 125 ounces, something over \$2000. He has already taken out over \$10,000 this spring but he had reindeer all winter to get his lumber and wood up on his claim ready for spring. It is about 5 miles from the city up to the mountains and they are going to build a plank sidewalk this summer, as it is very bad walking. You have to have rubber boots. We have 140 feet by 600 feet (what we call a taction) on a good claim today and if it proves to be as good as expected, it is enough for one man. We have 13 claims and 4 fractions now here and 8 claims at Council City. On one of the rivers at Council City, a man took out \$2000 in four hours. We have one claim on the same river and also one on another as good, so you see we are 'in it.'

Three schooners came in here the other day on their way North, and we are expecting steamers every day. Then look out for fun. Our boat is expected every day now; then we can get to work. Next year there will be millions taken out here, as it is thought this is the richest mining camp in Alaska.

A still later communication bore date as below:

ANVIL CITY, Alaska, June 21, 1899.

I want to tell you good news. There is a Mr. Humble here (an old miner) working for the Standard Oil Co. He offered us \$20,000 spot cash for our claims on Glacier Creek, but I doubt if he could get them for a hundred at present.

A ship load of provisions came in from St. Michael's day before yesterday from the A. C. Co., and yesterday I put up a large frame and put on a very large tent for a store house, until they can build a house; also had five men help me. I worked until 5 in the evening and received a dollar an hour and two dollars an hour for working over time, making \$16 for the day. A British steamer got in today with 150 passengers and another smaller ship with 150 tons of fresh beef in cold storage, also a small launch from somewhere, but it could not land as it is stormy today and very rough. Tomorrow I presume they will put ashore and it will be quite lively here. There are two saloons going full blast.

ANVIL CITY, Alaska, July 4, 1899.

Great day here. Fire works are going in great shape and the flags are quite plenty. The first United States mail came in today and I didn't get a letter, but they are on the way with our party.

There are over 2000 people here now and steamer loads of them coming every day. One mine sold for \$40,000 the other day. I am getting \$2 an hour for carpentering when I care to work, but have to put up a large building for our

own use now as soon as our lumber comes ashore. Sold a couple lots yesterday for \$200. There are saloons and everything here now—all kinds of people, also the soldiers, and it is lucky they are here, as it would be quite a warm place.

The largest mine-owner here stopped with us last night and the general manager of the A. E. Co., and his expert miner have been with us for the last few days. They are the richest company doing business in Alaska. Pretty lively place now.

Sincerely yours,
B. J. Brown.

GREENLAND.

GREENLAND, Aug. 21.

The third ball game of the series between the Farraguts and Greenland was played at the Farragut house last Saturday afternoon, resulting in the former winning by a score of 14 to 12. Elliot of Andover pitched the first four innings for the Farraguts and proved quite a mystery to the Greenland. Clashing pitched the first six for Greenland and was hit hard, retiring in favor of Holmes, who was in fine form. The Farragut boys couldn't stand his cut, Saturday's game was the last with the Farraguts this season. Next Saturday, Hampton vs Amesbury at Hampton beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Coleman were visitors at the Wentworth house yesterday.

Mrs. Alice Coleman of Portsmouth was the guest of her father, Mr. Richard Downing, on Sunday.

Quite a select gathering congregated on the lawn at the residence of the Hon. George A. Coleman on Sunday evening, to listen to readings and sacred songs from the well cultivated voice of Prof. George Harris.

OGUNQUIT.

OGUNQUIT, Aug. 21.

Mr. George Rowe of Stafford has returned home after spending a few days with his daughter, Mrs. E. J. E. Littlefield.

Mrs. S. Arnold Grant of Franklin is visiting her mother, Mrs. H. Jacobs, for a few weeks.

The Christian church was opened for service Sunday after being closed four Sundays. The church has new pews and carpets and other improvements. The re-dedication will be next Sunday.

Miss H. A. Seavey of Portsmouth is visiting relatives in this village.

Summer boarders are very plenty at Ogunquit. Every hotel is filled as are the smaller houses, also.

AT THE NAVY YARD.

E. P. Ham, the well known electrician and telephone expert, has been required on the navy yard to install the operating department of the yard telephone exchange.

Two firemen left their work at the yard because they were required to work extra time without pay for same. Their places were filled by two other men who were undoubtedly required from the register.

The blockmakers are now installed in their new quarters.

Plans showing the estimated amount of all the stone and dirt to be removed for the dock and the schedule of all the material to be used on the dry dock have been received.

ABOUT BICYCLE LAMPS.

A warning to bicycle riders who carry their lamps on the seat post tube or diagonal stay, so that it is under the saddle, is given by a rider who had a painful experience through following this plan. He had a gas-lamp, and for some reason the flame flared up outside, and above the lamp, so as to burn his trousers and scorch his flesh. The experience of years is making the head of a bicycle the most favored place for a lamp. If fastened to the stem of the handlebars instead of the head of the wheel the lamp will turn with the steering so as to always throw its light in front of the wheel. This same result is accomplished by means of a new style of bracket that fastens to the forks and arches to a point above the fork-crown.

HE FOOLED THE SURGEONS.

All doctors told Renek Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering 18 months from Rectal Fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes of Bucklen's Kidney and Bladder Pills, and the best Salve in the World. 25 cents a box. Sold by Globe Grocery Co.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

MR. REED'S RESIGNATION.

It Will Be Sent to the Governor in a Few Days.

A reporter of the Portland Press met Mr. Amos L. Allen, Mr. Reed's private secretary, Saturday, and asked him when Mr. Reed's resignation would probably be placed in the hands of the Governor of the state.

"Mr. Reed will resign within a very few days," said Mr. Allen, "and the resignation will take effect on the fourth of September."

THE INTERVIEWER.

"The tinning, roofing, guttering and spouting business has been better this summer than any year during the past thirty years," observed an old tinner. "It has been the best summer since I was an apprentice. There were two principal causes for this, and the important one being the blizzard last winter. The heavy fall of snow broke down the guttering and the various arrangements by which the valleys and downspouts were attached to the houses all of which had to be repaired this summer. On many houses the snow, as a matter of precaution, was shoveled off the roofs. When it was carefully done by the owners of the property or under their personal direction no damage resulted. But when servants or persons were hired specially for the job in many instances more injury followed than would have been by the snow if it had been allowed to remain on the roof. While they may not have intended it, they punctured the tinning in many places. The subsequent rains and rusting and the general tendency of holes in tin increasing in size constantly when exposed to the weather did the rest. This has been an unusually rainy summer, and the frequent rains have found many holes in the roofs that the blizzard was primarily responsible for. This is what has made a busy season for tinner and roofers."

Timbers of the Chesapeake.

The timbers of the Chesapeake form part of a flour mill at Wickham near Fareham Hants, says notes and queries. Wickham is four miles north of Fareham, its nearest station of the London and Southwestern Railway, and is the same place which gave birth to William of Wykeham, the founder of Winchester and New College.

The Chesapeake was brought to Portsmouth, but never used in the British Navy. She was sold by the government to a Mr. Holmes for \$500. He broke up the vessel, took several tons of copper from her, and disposed of the timbers, which were quite new and sound, of beautiful pitch pine, for building purposes. Much of the wood was used in building houses in Portsmouth but a larger portion was sold in 1820 to Mr. John Prior, a miller of Wickham, for nearly £200.

Mr. Prior pulled down his old mill at Wickham and constructed a new one with this timber, which he found admirably adapted for the purpose. The dock timbers were 32 feet long and 18 inches square and were placed unaltered horizontally in the mill. The pulleys of the dock were about 12 feet long and served without alteration for pulleys. Many of these timbers still bear the marks of the Shannon's grape-shot, and in some places the shot are to be seen deeply imbedded in the pitch pine.

TIME FOR HERON AND LOON.

This is the season for blue heron and loon and sportsmen are on the lookout for the birds; already a good number have been killed. It takes a pretty good shot to bring down a heron as the birds are cautious and whenever they know of the presence of sportsmen they keep out of range.

Flores are just beginning to be plentiful, and some good bags have been obtained. Not many sportsmen make a specialty of hunting for these birds but some of the gunners are enthusiastic over the sport. The birds are to be found in various vicinities, there being various favorite grounds, so generally each hunter has his own special locality in which to look for his shots.

READVILLE RACES.

The great races at Readville, Mass., start this afternoon, and the interest of local horsemen is centered upon them, from the fact that a number of the Hon. Frank Jones' steppers are entered.

When starter Bolser calls the first class this afternoon six three-year-olds will answer the bell. This is the future and the popular choice seems to be Extasy. Tom Marsh, however, has a pretty fair kind of a colt in Idolita, and it would not be the biggest surprise of the week to see the New Hampshire colt win.

DIED.

HOOMA. In this city, Aug. 19th, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Booms, aged three weeks.

"Some extremely hot weather may be expected during this month," says the good old Farmer's Almanac for August. The prediction extends the length of the page, the word "some" being opposite the 4th day of the month and the word "month" standing opposite the 27th. The prediction was made true by the hot wave of Saturday and Sunday, but up to last week it was one of the coolest Augusts on record.



Queen Quality,

The Famous Shoe For Women, For Street, Dress, Home and Outing.

STRONG POINTS IN QUEEN QUALITY SHOES

They fit where others fail. They are always correct in style. They give a slender, pretty look to the foot. They are easy the first day; require no breaking in. They are light, yet durable. They retain their shape.

FOR SALE BY
C. Fred Duncan
OXFORD \$2.50 SHOES \$3.00.

A Large Line Of THE FINEST NEW YORK STYLES FOR SPRING SUITING.

W. P. WALKER

Can Show You The Most Complete
Stock To Be Had In The City.

Look Over His Stock.

The Man Of The Hour.

A Magnificent Portrait Of
ADMIRAL DEWEY
In Ten Colors. (Size 14x24 Inches).

Will be published by us shortly. It is now being printed for us on heavy plate paper, in a form suitable for framing, by one of the largest art lithograph houses in America, in the famous French style of color-plate work. Every American family will want one of these handsome pictures of Admiral Dewey. It must be remembered that the picture will be in color, a cheap chromo, but will be an example of the very highest style of illuminated printing. It will be an ornament to any library or drawing-room. Our readers can have the Dewey portrait at what it costs us (namely, ten cents per copy) by merely filling out the coupon below, and sending it to this office at once. There will be such a demand for this portrait when it is published that we advise sending orders in advance. As many copies as may be desired can be had on one coupon, providing ten cents is sent for each copy. Write name and address plainly, and remit in coin or postage stamps.

To THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD, Portsmouth, N. H.

For the enclosed remittance of.....cents, send me.....copies

of the ADMIRAL DEWEY PORTRAIT in colors as described in your paper.

Name.....
Address.....

IF YOU ONCE WEAR THE AURORA KID BUTTON SHOE

You Will Wear No Other,
- Price, \$3.00, -
EQUAL TO ANY \$3.50 OR \$4.00 SHOE

GREEN & GOULD

Sole Agents.
6 & 8 Congress Street.
It is worth seeing our miniature and complete working shoe factory. The finest machinery built.
We do all kinds of repairing at short notice.

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO -LAWRENCE- Portsmouth's Swell Tailor

GREAT BOOT AND SHOE SALE AT MOORCROFT'S

Before Sept. 1st, my entire shoe stock must be sold to make room for Millinery. If you are in need of Shoes, Rubbers, Dressings, Lacings, or anything in this line, give us a call and be surprised at prices.

12 MARKET SQUARE.

HERALD ADS GIVE BEST RESULTS

Try One And Be Convinced.

CUTS LIKE CHEESE.

Bermuda Stone Which Can Be Quarried With a Hand Saw.

Nature has made it easy to build houses in Bermuda. The entire group of islands is made up of coral rock, so that every man can have a quarry in his back yard if he cares to dig deep enough. This stone, when first cut, is soft and white, so that it "cuts like cheese," like the wood of the famous "one-hoss shay," and can be cut out in square blocks with an ordinary hand-saw. On exposure to the air, however, it soon becomes dark and hard enough to break the teeth out of the saw that cut it so easily from its bed.

As there is no lumber in Bermuda except that which is brought from Canada at considerable expense, stone is used for nearly the entire house. The walls are laid of blocks about eight inches by six, and two feet in length. Window sills and door jams are also sawed out of stone in the proper shape, and even the roof is covered with stone shingles, which are made by simply setting a block of soft, fresh stone on edge and sawing it into thin slabs. Both roof and walls have to be kept whitewashed, or the stone would crumble away, hard as it finally becomes; but with this precaution it lasts a long time. There is an old coral stone-house on Harrington Sound which is considerably over 200 years old.

Coral islands are formed by the coral polyps, or corals, which build up reefs to about the level of the sea and then die. On the rough surface of these reefs seaweed clings. The wind and the waves work together to grind up their substance and pile it in heaps of sand, which finally solidifies into the rock which can be cut so easily.

The freshly broken stone makes admirable road material. Even the rubber tire of a bicycle will crush a piece of it flat, and the rain soon solidifies it in that shape, so that the whole roadbed, new stone and old together, becomes like a smooth track cut in solid rock.

Lucky Dredging for a Diamond.

Dredging has been successfully resorted to in recovering a valuable diamond ring that was lost in Petaluma creek. Recently the owner of the ring was standing on a bridge just below Petaluma, across an arm of the creek, when his diamond ring slipped from his finger and fell through a crack in the bridge and into about eight feet of water. The stone in the ring cost, without the mounting, \$800. The owner tried to give it up, yet he did not know how to go to work to get it out. In his perplexity he applied to Capt. John Hackett, a man of experience in dredging though on a somewhat larger scale than hunting for so small a thing as a ring. The lower end of the ring had been thoughtful enough to mark the place in the bridge where the ring fell through. Hackett rigged a small clamshell bucket, to be operated by hand, with a rope this was dropped through the bridge at the place marked, and a bucket of mud was brought from the bottom of the creek. It was taken to the bank and washed out. A second and then a third was tried, and in the third was found the ring. Stockton Independent.

Making Colored Soldiers.

In the early days of colored troops in the regular army it was essential, to get the best results, that they should serve with white troops, so that discipline could be enforced when necessary. It was a decidedly risky experiment to attempt making soldiers of such people. They needed the object lesson of contact with white troops. Naturally of an imitative disposition, the colored man took the white soldier as his pattern, carefully watching every gesture and movement with inquisitive concern. Recruited from the most dangerous and shiftless of the freed negroes, they were naturally lazy, and disinclined to do the work required of them. They spent all their leisure time in gambling, drinking and quarrelling. Every now-and-then a smart employed in the discipline of frontier posts was inflicted upon them. They were stood on barrels, they were "bucked" and gagged, they were marched about the garrison with heavy planks tied to their backs, bearing the word "gambler" in chalk. Everything was done to discipline them, every means taken to make soldiers of them.

Smokeless Powder.

The first smokeless powder that I made in England was made in exactly the same manner as the French. I had obtained a quantity of true gun cotton, that is, tri-nitro-cellulose, (known sometimes as insoluble gun cotton, because it cannot be dissolved in alcohol and ether like collodion cotton (di-nitro-cellulose). Some of this powder, when freshly made, produced fairly good results, quite as good as those produced by the French powder, but upon keeping it a few months the grains lost their transparency, became quite opaque and fibrous, and it then burned with great violence. Investigation showed that about 1 to 2 per cent. of the solvent was still in the powder when the first tests were made, whereas the drying out of this last trace of solvent had completely changed the character of the powder. I then added to this powder about 2 per cent. of castor oil, with the result that the castor oil remained after the solvent had been completely removed, so that the powder would keep any length of time; indeed, powder made at time (1889) is good to-day.—Hiram Maxim.

The "Terrier."

In ecclesiastical law a terrier is a book which is supposed to be kept in every parish and in which there is a record of the sources of its revenue, and particularly of its lands (terre in Latin, terres in French, whence the word terrier). Of course it is the duty as well as the interest of every parish to see that the terrier of his parish is well kept, but the duty is often neglected. During the early days of the incumbency of a parson who was a fond of sport he received from his bishop a formal letter of inquiry on several matters, to which he was requested to give answer. When he came to the question: "Do you keep a terrier?" the good-natured parson replied: No; but I have two well-bred pointers, and your lordship is welcome to one of them if you care to have it."

QUEER ADVERTISEMENTS.

Some Awkwardly Worded Notices Found in Newspapers.

"No person," wrote an imaginative undertaker, "ever having tried one of these air-tight coffins of ours will ever use any other."

This is supplemented by the truthful but discouraging advertisement of a dentist: "Teeth extracted with great pains."

A western farmer advertises for a woman to "wash, iron and milk two cows."

An advertisement once appeared in a Washington paper for "a room for a young man 10 by 12."

This is an advertisement from the columns of an English court journal: "Blankets! Blankets! Blankets! For domestic and charitable purposes of every description, quality, size and weight."

The following advertisement is from an Australian paper: "Wanted, a young woman (the plainer the better) to help a small genteel family in their domestic matters; one without ringlets preferred."

An American paper published in Paris recently contained the following unique advertisement: "A young man of agreeable presence, and desirous of getting married, would like to make the acquaintance of an aged and experienced gentleman who could dissuade him from taking the fatal step."

Here is a specimen of domestic advertising from the columns of the London Times: "Mrs. George Ashton, 5 Victoria street, Westminster, takes this opportunity of thanking her numerous friends for their kind letters of sympathy on the dissolution of her marriage."

The court of Schleswig-Holstein once issued the following curious notice: "At the request of Herr Peter Lohman of Altona, the seaman Dietrich Lohman, who was born in Kirchmoor in November, 1848, and was drowned on the journey from Stockton to Hamburg while sailing in the ship Bertha Jenny, is hereby called upon to appear before this court and report himself on or before Friday, January 20, 1893, at 11 o'clock p. m., under pain of being declared dead."

China's First Railway.

The first railroad constructed in China was a narrow-gauge line from Shanghai to Woosung, put down in 1876, and intended chiefly as an ocular demonstration to the Chinese. At the end of twelve months it was sold to a Chinese official, who straightway tore up the rails and deported them to Formosa. The single dummy engine of the line now reposes peacefully in the mud of some Formosan harbor, together with the wreck of the junk in which it was transported. During these twelve months of its existence the Shanghai-Woosung railroad, with its single dummy engine and its train of small cars, which, by the way, were of the American pattern, carried 300,000 passengers. The Chinese came from far and wide to see and experiment with this new barbarian curiosity, and the people in the neighborhood, soon finding it an institution of great practical utility, became regular patrons. The predicted uprising of the people against the construction of the road never materialized, and, as for the graves along the route, every farmer would manufacture as many graves as he could get dollars for permission to traverse them.

The Boys Were Accommodating.

A Princeton professor, being troubled by tardiness at the morning lecture, on the part of some of the students, advised them, when they complained that they had to study so hard at night that they could not arise early, to get alarm clocks. The next day nearly every student in the class came into recitation with an alarm clock in his pocket, which by patient and united efforts were set so that one would go off promptly at every successive minute of the hour. The effect can be imagined. Shortly after the first student was called to recite one of the clocks in the pocket of a boy at the other end of the room went off with a terrible clamor, and before it had finished a second in another part of the room made even a louder racket. There was a brief interval which the professor utilized to call up another student, but the latter was scarcely on his feet before the third clock went off. The performance was continued for half an hour or more, when the professor, who had a keen sense of humor, recognized the situation and cut short the fun by terminating the recitation.

A Model Republic.

Switzerland is the least illiterate as well as the most truly prosperous country in the world. She is, in fact, the only republic, for the people make the laws. Her government is of the people. In Switzerland, to work with your hands is honorable—manual training for both boys and girls is a part of the public school system. Switzerland has no navy, for the same reason that Bohemia has not, and while every man is a soldier, yet three weeks' service every year is only a useful play sport. In Switzerland there is no beggary and little vice. Everywhere life and property are safe. The people are healthy and prosperous and happy.

Rulers of Denmark.

For centuries the rulers of Denmark have been alternately a Frederick and a Christian. This is the law, that a King Christian must be succeeded by a King Frederick, and then comes a King Christian again. In view of this law, every Danish prince has among his other names both Frederick and Christian.

A TRIFLING OCCURRENCE

But It Eventually Brought India Under England's Control.

How many people are aware that England owes its vast Indian empire to a variation of three shillings a pound in the price of pepper. And yet such is the case, and it throws an interesting light upon the idiosyncrasies of the English character.

In the sixteenth century all the pepper consumed in England was bought by the English merchants from the Dutch, who brought it from India. Owing to racial jealousy, the Dutch traders in 1599 raised the cost from three shillings to six shillings per pound. This petty display of ill-feeling caused considerable annoyance to the English merchants, and aroused in them that feeling of independence which has always been so characteristic of the race.

They determined to import their pepper direct from India in their own ships, and for this purpose formed a company, called "The Governor and Company of Merchants of London Trading to the East Indies," and which in later days became eventually known as the East India Company.

Their first voyages embroiled them in almost innumerable quarrels with the Dutch and Portuguese, and for a time the venture proved a financial failure. It was not until 1615 that the company became successful and obtained lucrative treaties, owing to their decisively defeating the Portuguese.

From this time on their possessions gradually increased, slowly at first, and then very rapidly, until, by the wise and beneficial management of such men as Clive, Warren Hastings and Cornwallis, they exercised sovereignty over the greater portion of India.

In this manner it happened that an increase in the price of pepper momentarily affected the history of mankind.

Be Careful How You Sit.

Recently an eminent physician gave utterance to the opinion that appendicitis is more common in this country than in others because of the Yankee custom that men have—and men are more frequently sufferers from the disease than women—of habitually sitting with one leg thrown over the other. This habit, the physician was quoted as saying, restricts the action of the digestive apparatus, and especially the lower intestine, and causes stagnation of the contents and the stretching of the opening of the vermiform appendix, making it possible for obstructions to reach the latter, and thus giving rise to appendicitis. There is no other disease, if we may judge from the attention given to it by current publications, in which the general public takes so much interest as this one, which is comparatively new to medical practice. Probably much of the popular interest is due to the fact that only within a few years what may be called the literature of appendicitis has reached the reading community.

Where the Hotel Keys Go.

"Of all the collecting fads I ever heard of, the key collectors are the worst of all," said one gentleman to another. "There are men traveling on the road who have keys of every hotel they ever stopped in. In order to see that they take no keys, hotel proprietors place large checks, with large brass tags upon them, and even attach them to iron bars; and yet the key collectors put these useless, heavy articles in their valises and carry them away. I know of one collection of keys that embraces a key that represents nearly all the leading American and European hotels. The cost of keys in a large hotel is simply enormous. A few of them are lost or taken by accident, but the most of them are carried off by key collectors."

Not a Satisfying Reason.

An English officer whose ship was stationed off the coast of Ceylon went for a day's shooting along the coast, accompanied by a native attendant well acquainted with the country. Coming to a particularly inviting river, the officer resolved to have a bath, and asked the native to show him a place where there were no alligators. The native took him to a pool close to the estuary. The officer thoroughly enjoyed his dip, and while drying himself asked his guide why there were never any alligators in that pool. "Because, sir," promptly replied the Cingalese, "they plenty 'fraid of shark.'"

A Peculiar Freak.

One of the most peculiar freaks that the wind played recently was on the Presbyterian church at New Hartford, N. Y. It blew the steeple, above the belfry, out of plumb about 25 degrees, so that the spire pointed in a northerly westerly direction, and it was feared that it might fall. Men were put at work straightening it the next morning, when the wind veered around and blew it back almost to its original position. The men inside made a lively run to get out of the place.

To Manage Enthusiasm.

There is a portion of enthusiasm assigned to every nation, which, if it hath not proper objects to work on, will burst out and set all into a flame. If the quiet of a state can be brought about by only flinging men a few ceremonies to devour, it is a purchase no wise man would refuse. Let the masses amuse themselves about a sheep's skin stuffed with hay, provided it will keep them from worrying the flock.—Dean Swift.

Corncob Pipes.

Corncob pipes are made by the carload in Missouri, and sell for 25 to 27 cents per bushel. The industry is also an important one in Indiana, and one factory at Brightwood turns out between 4,000 and 5,000 a day.

LABOR CREATES WEALTH

This Is the Motto and Basic Principle of All Socialists.

"Labor creates all wealth," is the motto and the basic principle of all revolutionary Socialists. Is it true, in the sense in which the assertion is made?

If it be false, it is the most dangerous doctrine that could be conceived, since it has produced the intense hatred which revolutionary workmen feel toward the rich, both in America and in Europe, says the New York Journal. If labor produces all wealth then all profits are robbery, and all men whose wealth is formed from profits are robbers.

First, who are "laborers?" Most of the followers of revolutionary Socialism understand by that term only manual laborers, but if we press the leaders they will admit that mental labor, like that of clerks and bookkeepers, is included. But against managers and directors of enterprises, against the employers and their sometimes great rewards, they are up in arms.

Now, is that right and philosophic? Labor by itself produces no values at all. If a man one day digs a hole in the ground and the next day fills it up again, that is labor, but produces no value and no wealth. Labor is an integral element of all values and all wealth, but it creates no value until it is directed toward some advantageous suitable end, either by the intelligence of the worker himself, or by that of some one else. As has been said: "It is the destination that breathes into dead labor the soul of value."

Now it is the managers, the directors, the employers who usually give labor its destination, its direction, and who therefore perform a most important function—one which revolutionary socialists constantly overlook, or at least neglect.

Ordinary labor can be defined as individual exertion, applied to a single task, which begins and ends with each separate task."

The subtle labor of the directors, on the other hand, means "individual exertion, applied to an indefinite number of tasks, which simultaneously affects the work of an indefinite number of workmen."

Since the latter labor is all important, hence reasonable profits are not robbery from ordinary labor.

In conclusion it should be noted that sensible Socialists do not found their cause on such a false basis. They claim that our present system is disorder, simply social anarchy, and that it is due to this anarchy that so many are poor and that others cannot find employment. But socialism, or collectivism, they maintain, will be order, system. And system, they hold, is evidently better than lawlessness.

Steam Fire Engine.

The steam fire engine, while very complete in its appointments, has almost reached the limit of its useful capacity as an all-round apparatus for general use, says Hugh Bonner, in *Ainslie's Magazine*.

The engine of the present day is also deemed inadequate on some occasions to combat successfully with fire in these tall buildings when great power and forcing capacity are required, and the question of an auxiliary plan, with an abundant supply of water, has been brought before the city authorities for consideration. The plan suggested is the underground pipe system supplied by high-pressure service, and laid expressly to withstand the severe strain likely to be placed on it in any section of the city, and is recommended as the most feasible auxiliary to the present system.

With this plan of underground pipes, tested to a high pressure (such pressure to be maintained by pumping machinery) and an abundant supply of water, either chlorine or salt, we could not only cope with any fire that might occur in the highest of our office buildings, but with those as well that are used for warehouse and mercantile purposes.

There is an imperative need at the present time for such a system in many sections of our city to enable the department to more successfully cope with fires. It should be introduced gradually, displacing many of the large engines now maintained and operated by the department at a great disadvantage, particularly so in season of heavy snowfalls, such as we have just passed through, though we have managed with the help of triple teams, to haul these heavy engines to fires, notwithstanding the obstacles encountered during the recent winter. Nevertheless, the time has arrived when the steam engine should be displaced by the gradual introduction of the underground system, using either fresh or salt water. No other city in the world is favored with so abundant a supply of water as we have surrounding our city, and this advantage should be utilized to the extent of giving that protection to this city which its improvements and valuations so justly demand.

Superstition.

Superstition is supposed to be the peculiar property of women, but "as superstitious as a man" is more appropriate than the popular speech about the old woman. A woman who has made a study of the subject says that it is quite surprising to find the number of pet superstitions that flourish in the masculine mind. It is true of one very bright New York lawyer that he isn't even content with those that have descended to him from the beliefs of former days, but that he invents others of his own. When a man is seen walking along the street carefully gazing at the pavement and taking an uneven step now and then, he is only trying to avoid cracks. One man for years carefully put his right shoe on first in the morning, and attributed his good luck to that cautious measure until he heard one day that it should have been the left foot first, and then he saw that his poor-luck had been due to that mistake. A certain Wall Street man confuses most of his superstitions to his money, and will never break a bill at night. Many a time he has chosen to borrow his car fare or to walk home rather than to spoil his fortune by breaking into a bill at the close of day. But the funniest man of all is the man who isn't superstitious. "Friday?" he says. "Now, I don't believe in anything of the sort. I'm not a bit superstitious. Why, Friday is my luckiest day. Monday is the unlucky one."

Remarkable Longevity.

In a southern family lives an old man named Jeff, who has been with them and the previous generation for more years than he can remember. He is certainly pretty old himself, so his mistress was rather surprised when he asked to have a few days off to go, as he put it; "up to d. old state of New Haven," to see his a nt.

"Why, Jeff," said the lady, "your aunt must be pretty old, isn't she?" "Yes'm," he replied; "yes'm; my aunt must be pretty old now—she's about 105 years old n. w."

"A hundred and fifty years!" exclaimed the lady. "Why, what on earth is she doing up there in New Haven?" "Dead, I don't know what she's doin', ma'am," rejoined Jeff, in all seriousness; "she's up dere livin' wid her grandmother!"

Wine-testers eat a small piece of bread with a scrap of cheese, between samples, to insure an unprejudiced taste.

FEATS OF MEMORY.

Stories of Famous Men With Remarkable Memorizing Faculties.

Scalliger, the philologist of the sixteenth century, who edited several of the classics, was so certain of his memory that he undertook to repeat long passages from Latin works with a dagger at his breast, which was to be used against him in the event of his memory failing. While Seneca, the tutor of Nero, could repeat two thousand words exactly as he heard them.

Pope could turn at once to any passage which had struck him when reading; and Leyden, the Scottish poet, who died in the early part of the century, was also remarkable for his memory.

When congratulated, on one occasion, upon his aptitude for remembering things, Dryden replied that he often found his memory a source of inconvenience. Surprise was expressed at this, whereupon the poet replied that he often wished to recall a particular passage, but could not do so until he had repeated the whole poem from the beginning to where the passage occurred which he wished to recall.

Leyden is also credited with having been able to repeat an act of parliament or a lengthy legal document after having heard it only once.

The newspapers of January, 1820, contain a number of allusions to the case of a man named Thomson, who drew plans of a dozen London parishes, including every church, chapel, yard, court, monument, lamp post and innumerable trees and pumps without reference to a single book and without asking a single question.

An English clergyman mentions a man of weak intellect, who lived about the same time, who could remember the names and ages of every man, woman and child who had been buried in the parish during 35 years, together with the dates of burial and the names of the mourners who were present at the funeral.

Food Wrapped in Paper.

It is a very common practice to put away food that comes from the shop in the brown paper in which the dealer wraps it. While this may be convenient, it certainly is open to serious objection on the score of health and cleanliness. Most of the cheap papers are made from materials hardly up to the standard of the housekeeper's ideas of neatness; and although a certain degree of heat is employed in their preparation it is by no means sufficient to destroy all the disease germs with which the raw material may be filled.

When it is taken into consideration that waste papers of all sorts, and those used for all purposes, are gathered up and worked over into new paper to wrap our food in, it behooves the housewife who cares for the health of her family to see to it that articles of food remain in contact with such wrapping the very shortest possible time.

It is not unusual to see meat, butter, cheese and other extremely susceptible articles put away in the very cheapest, commonest brown paper.

Immediately upon the receipt of soft groceries or fruits they should be put into earthen dishes, and under no circumstances should they be allowed to remain in the papers in which they are delivered.

It is useless to expect that a better class of paper will be employed, and so we may as well make up our minds to guard against the trouble by shifting all articles of food to some dish that is absolutely free from contaminating elements.

Sleeping Machines.

Experiments have been made recently with some curious devices in the shape of "sleep machines." Sleep will sometimes result from fatigue of the eyes. Looking at trees or other objects as we rush along in the train will frequently "send us off."

An ingenious gentleman has produced a machine for this purpose. It is a box surmounted by two fan-like panels, one above the other, revolving horizontally in opposite directions. These panels are studded with mirrors that throw upon the retina a vibrating flood of twinkling light.

A similar effect is produced by staring at a bright ball placed high above the hand, so that some slight strain is caused by staring at it.

Another apparatus for causing drowsiness is formed of clamps for squeezing the arteries leading to the brain. The clamps remain in position for less than half a minute, and by that time the sufferer from insomnia has been placed in a state of somnolence by the decreased flow of blood to the brain.

Still another method is to arrange an elastic battery in the bed so that a mild electric current acts upon the spine.

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IT'S WAR ON OUR BEEF

Latest Imperial Decree From the German Government.

AN INJURY TO AMERICANS.

Reason Why Meats of All Kinds Are So Very Costly in the Kaiser's Empire.

Whipping America Over Belgium's Shoulders—Decree Excludes Our Beef From Denmark—Resistance of Press and Butchers to Imports—The Protective Policy.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The German Government has taken still further steps to continue its war on American fresh beef. The latest Imperial decree affecting American meats, Council General, Berlin writes to the State Department, was promulgated early in July and took effect on Aug. 15. It declares that from that date fresh beef shall not be imported from Belgium into Germany. As Belgium has no surplus home-grown beef supply to export anywhere, it was at once evident that the decree was in reality aimed at American beef, and was occasioned by the fact that the Belgian Government, which has for several years past prohibited the export of live cattle from the United States, has recently rescinded that restriction, leaving the butchers of that country free to import at certain designated ports American cattle for immediate slaughter, and, unless prevented by new regulations, to export the meat thus obtained across the frontier into Germany. This latest decree is, therefore, a logical continuation of the policy of a policy upon which the German Government entered in 1891.

"Belgium has a dense population of working people, and her food imports are necessarily large and constant," continues Council General Mison. "The Belgian Government has seen how safely and economically the people of Great Britain have enjoyed American meat, and after some hesitation and delay, has decided to restrict the importation of American cattle, with the result that Germany, fearing that such meats may now enter this country by way of the Belgian frontier, interposes the present decree shutting off all imports of fresh beef from that country. The new restriction will, therefore, make no change in the amount of cattle and fresh beef exported to Europe from the United States. It is aimed at traffic which does not exist, since there has been hitherto practically no export of fresh beef from Belgium to Germany (only 406 double cwt. in 1897 and none in 1898).

"But where the recent decree will do American interests most injury is in Denmark, which country is ready to follow Belgium's lead in restricting American cattle, but hesitates to do so for fear Germany will in such an event, promptly shut out fresh meat exports from Denmark and thereby destroy a trade which is of real importance to Scandinavia. The German imports of fresh beef and veal from Denmark and Sweden having reached a total of 8,865,100 kilograms (19,554,441 pounds) during 1898. The German desire to forestall the direct effect of excluding American cattle from Denmark, which country, there is good reason to believe, would otherwise admit them as readily as England has done for years and Belgium has now consented to do.

"Meats of all kinds are costly in Germany because the home supply is wholly inadequate to meet the demand, notwithstanding all the existing restrictions and the efforts of the agrarian press and butchers associations to resist imports of meat and lard, especially those of American origin. The trade continues to be enormous and is steadily increasing."

Coal Oil Victims.

Detroit, Aug. 20.—The verdict of the coroner's jury upon the deaths of two of the seven victims who recently lost their lives through kerosene explosions, states that the victims came to their deaths by burns from the explosion of an American kerosene oil offered for sale by the Standard Oil Company, and due to the negligence of the State Oil Inspectors or the said company and its employees. It was found that gasoline had become mixed with the kerosene sold from the Standard Company's wagons in the sections of the city where the explosions occurred. The company's agents and the inspectors testified to inability to account for the mixture.

They Want Ammunition.

Lourenço Marques, Delagoa Bay, Aug. 20.—The Government of the South African Republic is making strenuous efforts to persuade the local Portuguese authorities to permit the passing of ammunition. President Paul Kruger personally has wired a request to that effect, stating that a modus vivendi, with Great Britain is assured. Two thousand cases of arms are due to arrive here to-day on the German steamer König, from Hamburg.

Interior City Telephone.

Albany, Aug. 20.—The Syracuse Rochester and Lake Ontario Telephone Company, to operate in Syracuse, Rochester, Oswego, Auburn, Geneva and intermediate places, has been incorporated with the Secretary of State. The capitalization is \$1,000,000.

Georgetown Wire Mill Burns.

Wilton, Conn., Aug. 20.—The wire mill of the Gilbert & Bennett Manufacturing Company, in Georgetown, was totally destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at about \$40,000; partially covered by insurance.

Roosevelt Declares for Hobart.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 20.—Governor Roosevelt says that he will under no circumstances accept a nomination for vice-president. He says all his friends are for Hobart.

DENOUNCES ESTERHAZY

Pleiquart Says Prisoner's Accuser is Guilty Instead of Dreyfus.

Reims, Aug. 20.—The climax of Colonel Pleiquart's testimony in favor of Dreyfus at the trial was the dramatic exclamation: "I am convinced that Esterhazy is the guilty man!" It was made when the witness had detailed the results of his investigation and the efforts of the General Staff to prevent his following the trail of Esterhazy.

"There was something more than a mere murmur of applause at Colonel Pleiquart's declaration against Esterhazy and there were several outbursts of cheers which were quickly checked by the officers stationed about the room."

A correspondent of the London Times has wired his paper that the evidence produced in the Dreyfus case during the past three days can have but one ending that is to acquit the prisoner.

Is Not Labor's Assassin.

Paris, Aug. 20.—Considerable excitement was caused in Paris by the reception of a despatch from Reims to the effect that the man who shot M. Labori had been captured in the neighborhood of Dol, a small town twenty miles from Reims. He is said to be named Gloriot. He was reported to have made a full confession. Labori despatches, however, threw doubt on the correctness of this news, and say that the man under arrest is not the assassin. He has made no confession.

Labori's Condition.

Reims, Aug. 20.—M. Labori is recovering miraculously from his wound. He now walks about and has a big appetite. M. Labori has sent a message to M. Doumergue, saying that he will be with him on Monday.

Retaliation Urged.

London, Aug. 20.—Sir Charles Tupper, formerly Canadian High Commissioner, says: "The United States is purposely delaying the settlement of the Alaska dispute on account of the pecuniary benefit accruing to miners and coast cities through delay, and has refused to have the boundary delimited, as is being done in Venezuela. No settlement ever could be reached through the evasive commission suggested by the United States. We have reached a deadlock, and have no intention of resuming negotiations in regard to matters pending between Canada and America until the Alaska question is settled."

"I propose that a British railway be built from Kilmartin to Inverness, and that a law be passed allowing only Britishers to mine on the Yukon. The moment this is done the object of the United States in preventing a settlement disappears. The Dominion is a unit in supporting Sir Wilfrid Laurier's stand."

Americans Arrest Jimenez.

Havana, Aug. 20.—In view of the fact that Colonel Bacallao, Chief of the Secret Police, persisted in his declaration that General Juan Isidro Jimenez, the aspirant to the Presidency of Santo Domingo, was in Havana, either not having left here or having returned to the military authorities telegraphed to Cienfuegos, instructing Captain Stumper, Collector of Customs there, to ascertain whether Jimenez was on the steamer Menendez, and to arrest him if that should be the case. It is believed that Jimenez is in Cienfuegos. Captain Stumper found Jimenez and arrested him. Jimenez denounced the arrest as an outrage. He said he had broken no law and would not yield except to force. Captain Stumper replied that he was ready to use force if necessary, and Jimenez yielded, remarking that he did so only because he could not help himself.

Consumption Sanitariums.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—The Illinois Society for the Prevention of Consumption is preparing plans for the establishment of a State sanitarium for the treatment of consumptives, which it will ask the next Legislature to build. The plans are based on the announcement of Dr. J. A. Egan, chairman of the State Board of Health, that the board reports favorable. The fundamental purpose of the project is to provide means for the treatment of the poor who are disabled by the disease. Governor Tanner has indicated his intention of supporting and approving the purpose of the society in asking for an appropriation of \$200,000.

Kid McCoy Knocked Out.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—Jack McCormick of Philadelphia knocked out Kid McCoy in about one minute. The bout was to have been for six rounds, and it generally was thought that McCormick stood no show at all. He himself said before entering the ring that he was going to do his best, and let it go at that. The fight was so short and so quickly over that there was also nothing to it but the punch that put McCoy to sleep. The fight was under Queensberry rules, hitting with one arm free being permitted.

Bernstein Defeats Solly Smith.

New York, Aug. 20.—Joe Bernstein of New York won almost as he pleased from Solly Smith of California in their fight in the Broadway Athletic Club. Bernstein beat his adversary down to unconsciousness in the thirteenth round. All that was exciting and dramatic came in the twelfth and thirteenth rounds, and when John White, the referee, counted off the ten seconds the ring was surrounded by a crowd that howled itself hoarse. Bernstein showed himself the better man throughout the entire fight.

Will Start Home Soon.

San Francisco, Aug. 20.—All arrangements for the special train which will carry the Tenth Pennsylvania to their homes have been completed. C. E. Clark of Company E and Morrison Harkley of Company I will be the only men left behind. Harkley is ill, but the surgeons hope for his recovery.

SHALL WE DISPUTE

The Opinions of Hundreds of Our Fellow Citizens?

Residents of Portsmouth, like other American citizens, if making an investment want to be sure of getting the worth of their money. They want to know all the whys and wherefores, and in a direct rail to the value of the investment they borrow and ferret until satisfied with the collateral. Take an instance in the realm of proprietary medicines. If we know of a friend who has been cured, we have seen some faith in the preparation; if we know of two or three, our faith increases. If the cures reach hundreds, all well-known citizens, and anyone who still maintains that there is nothing beyond ordinary merit in the said preparation, can safely be left to the care of his fellow taxpayers. If he wishes to pick a quarrel with them on the question of their judgment and veracity, he has ample opportunity to do so. Begin with this case:

Mr. A. A. Shea, of No. 2 Langdon street, says: "I had kidney trouble occasionally for 2 years or more. Whenever I contracted a cold or did any lifting, bad spells would come on me. I did not have much backache. It was the kidney secretion that distressed and annoyed me. While in a pretty bad shape I was induced by the printed testimonials appearing in the papers to give Doan's Kidney Pills a trial, and I went to Philbrick's pharmacy in the Franklin block and procured a box. After I stopped using them I felt no inconvenience from the urinary difficulty. The lameness had gone with it. I consider this a good recommendation for Doan's Kidney Pills."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

LEATHER TRUST'S PROFITS.

Estimated that New Company Will Pay 10 Per Cent.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—Four well-known Chicago houses are among the companies which form the American Hide and Leather combination as finally organized—W. N. Eisendrath & Co., the Walker Oakley Company, the Lamban Leather Company and Grey, Clark & Engle. Other western properties included are the C. T. Roentgen Leather Company, Wisconsin, and F. Ruppel Leather Company, Fond du Lac, Wis. Sales made by the combined firms whose plants are acquired aggregated more than \$24,500,000 in 1898. Net profits during the last ten years—the time the concerns have been in business—have averaged, according to the official announcement now given out, more than \$2,000,000 a year, or about 10 per cent. on the sale. The promoters estimate that the profits on the business are to be sufficient to pay 10 per cent. on the \$12,000,000 of common stock to be issued. That requires an additional \$1,200,000, or a total of \$2,750,000 for interest and dividends. According to the estimates of the promoters there would remain, besides that amount, \$1,750,000 for a sinking fund and surplus.

Second Relief Ship Sails.

New York, Aug. 20.—Relief for the Porto Rico victims of the hurricane was dispatched from New York on the steamship Evelyn of the New York and Porto Rico Steamship Company, which has just sailed for Ponce. The supplies consisted largely of clothing and medicines. The largest single item was the clothing sent by the Merchants' Association on its own behalf, and that of H. B. Hollins & Co. It included 2,184 pairs of trousers, 3,936 men's undershirts, 3,360 women's wrappers and 4,068 women's undershirts, amounting in all to 14,088 pieces, or 32 cases. Twelve hundred ounces of quinine, made into 174,000 tablets, were sent by the same committee. More women's skirts and wrappers have been ordered from the factories, and will be sent by a transport McClellan on next Wednesday.

Chicago Bridge Collapses.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—An order has been issued by Mr. Ericson, city engineer, closing two bridges over the Chicago River, condemning seven as dangerous and labeling two as "very suspicious." The order resulted from a bridge inspection suggested by the collapse of the Calumet River Bridge at Ninety-fifth street. That bridge, while swung open for vessels, broke squarely in half over the centre of the pier. The condemned bridges are old, and at least \$200,000 are necessary to repair them or to build new bridges. The situation is serious, since there is no appropriation for bridge repairing.

Tried to Kill the Priest.

Newark, N. J., Aug. 20.—Adam Porrecca, recently discharged from the Morris Plains Insane Asylum, will be returned to the madhouse for trying to kill Father Parrella, pastor of St. Lucy's Church. Father Parrella was in front of the altar conducting a service when Porrecca, who had strolled on the aisle, drew an axe from under his coat, and had raised it above his head to fell the priest. John Serra, the sexton, sprang on Porrecca's back and disarmed him. Porrecca has been declared insane.

President Reviews Troops.

Plattsburg, N. Y., Aug. 20.—The day was pleasant and warm and the President and Mrs. McKinley went driving as usual. The only caller of importance was Hon. Smith M. Weed, of Plattsburg. The President reviewed the Twenty-sixth Infantry at Plattsburg Barracks, and Mrs. McKinley presented the regiment with a handsome silk flag.

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Wm. W. W. R. SYRUP has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures colic and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty five cents a bottle.

Accidents come with distressing frequency on the farm. Cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never safe without it.

A FLOOD OF WATERS.

Much Valuable Property Destroyed at Manitoba.

THE RAIN NOT YET ABATED.

Damage Already Estimated at \$2,000,000 and Still the Downpour Continues.

River Rises Forty Feet in Twenty-Four Hours and Overflows Many Miles of Territory—People Driven From Their Homes—Water Continues to Rise Rapidly.

Winnipeg, Man., Aug. 20.—An Edmonton despatch says: "The Saskatchewan River has overflowed. It rose forty feet during the last twenty-four hours, and continues to rise fast. Two and a half inches of rain fell in twenty hours. Already thousands of feet of lumber are adrift. Floating islands of wood are passing the town. The ferries have broken away and mail communications cut off. At present the water is rushing over the Hudson Bay Company's flats, and the end of the flood is not in sight."

"The historic steamship Northwest of the Hudson Bay Company broke from her moorings, struck the middle pier of the bridge and went down the river, a total wreck. "Citizens on the river bank are moving out."

The damage already sustained as a result of the unprecedented flood will reach fully \$2,000,000 and many more lives and structures along the river bank and on the low lands are sure to be swept away by the strong current before the end comes. It is reported here that half a dozen families have been drowned but the report is not verified on account of the wrecked condition of the telegraph service between this city and the flood stricken districts. At Edmonton at least half of the town is under water, and a dozen buildings have been carried away and millions of feet of logs and lumber lost to the owners.

Hundreds of families have lost all their household effects and great suffering will result among the poorer classes.

Destitute Gold Seekers.

Seattle, Aug. 20.—The steamship Alliance, ten days from St. Michael, has arrived here with 200 passengers. Her crew reports that the river steamship Susie, which started up the Yukon with two barges in tow, ran aground and was compelled to return to St. Michael. There was a large amount of United States government hardware supplies on the scows, and these were considerably damaged. About 600 of the 1,000 destitute prospectors brought by the revenue cutter Bear from Kotzebue Sound to St. Michael had suffered in a small schooner for Seattle two days before the Alliance left.

Collision Near Newburg, N. Y.

Newburg, N. Y., Aug. 20.—Two trains on the Newburg, Dutchess and Connecticut Railroad, had a head-on collision at Mattawan. One of the engines and the two passenger cars were crushed. The other engine and two passenger cars were slightly damaged. The damage was about \$25,000.

Governor Addresses Farmers.

Warsaw, N. Y., Aug. 20.—Yesterday was a great holiday for the farmers of Western New York. Whole towns were almost depopulated by the excursion trains to Silver Lake, where the twenty-seventh annual picnic of the Wyoming Co. Pioneers was held. Gov. Roosevelt gave two addresses. One at the Pioneer ground and one at the auditorium. He was surrounded on the platform by all the leading politicians and editors of this section. He arrived by special train.

Another Company Incorporated.

Albany, Aug. 20.—The Southfield Beach Railroad Company, to be either operated by steam or electricity, about two miles in length, has been incorporated with the Secretary of State. Its terminal are South Beach, in the Fourth Ward of the borough of Richmond, and Midland Beach, near Lincoln avenue, in the same borough, New York City.

Oregon Silver Mine Sold.

Portland, Ore., Aug. 20.—The Silver Knit Mine in Crook County, Oregon, has been sold to a syndicate represented by P. J. Quenly of Rock Springs, Wyoming, and J. E. Edwards of Salt Lake. The consideration is said to be about \$1,000,000.

Still Trying to Float the Hooker.

Manila, Aug. 20.—The former Spanish gunboat Espana is assisting in the work of floating the United States cable steamer Hooker on a reef in Corrigador Harbor. The Hooker is badly damaged and her hold is full of water.

The Chicago Will Arrive Too Late.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The Navy Department expects that Rear Admiral Hewison, with the flagship Chicago, will not arrive at New York in time to participate in the welcome to Admiral Dewey.

Watching the Transvaal.

Cape Town, Aug. 20.—Military contingents are daily leaving here and other cities for the Transvaal frontier, and recruiting is actively proceeding.

Dewey Has Fully Recovered.

Leghorn, Aug. 20.—Admiral Dewey has completely recovered from his recent illness and received visits from Mr. James A. Smith, the United States Consul here, and members of the American colony. Mr. Smith gave a luncheon in the Admiral's honor.

FIRE SPREADING RAPIDLY.

Widespread Destruction is Threatened in the Adirondacks.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 20.—The fires which have been raging in the Adirondacks for the past week have got such headway as to be well nigh a conflagration.

The officials of the forestry preserve and of the fisheries, game and forest commissions are greatly alarmed and several representatives of each department are on the ground endeavoring to get aid for the fire wardens of the various towns in which the fires are burning.

Reports from all sections of the Adirondacks show that the fires have already reached a greater extent than did those of ten years ago, which laid waste thousands of acres.

Great difficulty is being had in procuring men to fight the fires, and the officials ascribe it to the fact that many of the men who usually perform the duty have recently been fined for violations of the game laws. To this fact is also ascribed the origin of some of the fires, although the abnormally dry season and the carelessness of the hunters who smoke tobacco are probably the most potent causes of ignition.

From Hamilton County comes information that the men usually called upon for aid in fighting fires by the fire wardens have almost unanimously refused to come out. In this county there have been many cases of fines and other punishments for infractions of State regulations.

No estimate of the damage can be made, but the officials fear that unless heavy rains come to the State's rescue, they will amount into the hundreds of thousands. The greatest fires which are now in progress are those at the Upper Lake, Paul Smith's, and between Seventh and Fourth Lakes.

Fires Raging at Saranac.

Saranac Lake, N. Y., Aug. 20.—Forest fires raging in this vicinity threaten the summer hotels and camps. Two thousand acres of woodland are now in flames and 100 men fighting the fire have been able to do little. The hotels are the Amperand and Delmonte, both filled with guests. The camps of New Yorkers are those of M. Morganthau, of 45 Nassau street; L. W. Ehrlich, 54 West Seventy-fifth street, and Richard Lunburger, of 46 Wall street.

Ten Boys Inhumanly Tortured.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 20.—Ten boys have been tortured in a manner as awful as that of the Inquisition, by foremen in the Belgian iron works in the Caucasus. These boys were suspected of having stolen some money which disappeared in a mysterious manner from the company's office, and the directors of the company attempted to entrap the boys into a confession. Three days of starvation being unavailing, the boys were stripped and beaten. Their eyelids were pierced with needles, and crazed and bleeding the boys were dashed against the walls of the cell till they were insensible. Not satisfied, the foremen restored the boys to consciousness with cold water, and renewed the tortures. They broke out their teeth, filled their mouths with stones, and finally beat them on the head with the butts of their revolvers. The police have denounced the men to the Public Prosecutor. The district is wildly wrought up, and a rising against the company is imminent.

Alleged Murder Excites Havana.

Havana, Aug. 20.—Over 8,000 persons attended the funeral of Senora Esperanza Azarreta, wife of the former Cuban officer Pinar de Villegas, who died in the hospital. It is alleged from the effects of poison administered by her husband. A committee of the Cuban club Sempreviva called on Gen. Brooke to demand that justice be meted out to the alleged poisoner. Gen. Brooke was indisposed, and could not see the committee, which was received by Gen. Chantre, Gen. Brooke's chief of staff. Crowds were parading the streets shouting "Death to Pinar de Villegas," and the prison in which he is confined is heavily guarded by police, to prevent his being taken out and lynched.

Bingen Made Fast Record.

Glen Falls, N. Y., Aug. 20.—J. Malcolm Forbes's bay stallion Bingen trotted the fastest mile seen in four years at the Grand Circuit meeting's trot here. He beat The Abbott in the second heat for the free-for-all, finishing in 2:06 1/4, a second faster than this season's record. Bingen's mile places him very near Director's record of 2:05 1/4 for a trotting stallion. Although Bingen proved himself faster than The Abbott, the latter won the next two heats and the race. Forbes's stallion being very unsteady.

Lynchers Turn State's Evidence.

Gainesville, Ga., Aug. 20.—Taylor R. Hamilton, a member of the mob that lynched Silas Smith a few days ago, has made a confession before the grand jury implicating a number of Hamilton acted the part of a pretended prisoner in the hands of the mob which thus got the sheriff to open the jail.

Bankruptcies in England.

London, Aug. 20.—The Board of Trade bankruptcy report for 1898 shows an increase of 256 in the number of failures. Commenting upon the Hooley failure, the report says: "Reckless and extravagant methods of promotion converted a profit of £5,000,000 into a loss of £89,300. Investors are warned to distrust ornamental directorates."

Lynching Offense May Be Capital.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—Lynching will be made a capital offense if the will of the National Afro-American conference shall prevail. The conference passed a resolution here calling for the enactment of a national law to that effect. Brooker T. Washington is a prominent mover in the matter.

Dewey Has Fully Recovered.

Leghorn, Aug. 20.—Admiral Dewey has completely recovered from his recent illness and received visits from Mr. James A. Smith, the United States Consul here, and members of the American colony. Mr. Smith gave a luncheon in the Admiral's honor.



Healthy Children

All children will be perfectly rugged and healthy if raised on this

Gail Borden Eagle Brand

CONDENSED MILK. It is the most nourishing, rich and natural food for infants that can be found. Buy only the EAGLE BRAND. SEND FOR BOOK ON "BABIES." BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK CO., NEW YORK

PORTSMOUTH'S SECRET AND SOCIAL SOCIETIES.

WHEN AND WHERE THEY MEET.

"A Guide for Visitors and Members."

OAK CASTLE, NO. 1, K. G. E.

Meets at Hall, Prince Block, High St., Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.

Officers—Fred Gardner, N. C.; Charles F. Cole, V. C.; Thomas L. Dudley, H. P.; E. G. Gidney, V. H.; Charles E. Oliver, S. H.; Orville E. Hawes, P. C.; Samuel R. Gardner, M. of H.; Allison L. Philney, C. of E.; True W. Priest, K. of E.

CITY OF PORTSMOUTH COUNCIL, K. OF C.

Meets at K. of C. Hall, High St., First and Third Thursdays of each month.

Officers—J. H. Kirvan, G. K.; Geo. S. Kivian, D. K.; Wm. McKelvey, C.; Dennis McGloth, V. C.; W. T. Morrissey, P. S.; W. P. Micott, R. S.; Daniel C. ay, T.

PORTSMOUTH LODGE, NO. 97, B. P. O. E.

Meets at Hall, Daniel St., Second and Fourth Tuesdays of each month, except Second Tuesday of June, July and August, and Fourth Tuesday of September.

Officers—True W. Priest, E. R.; H. B. Dow, T.; I. R. Davis, S.



NEW HOTEL WEIRS,

ON LAKE WINNIPESAKEE, WEIRS, N. H.

Large addition just completed; entire house thoroughly renovated; modern sanitary plumbing and drainage; pure spring water; mountain and lake scenery; excellent fishing. Send for circular. DR. J. A. GREENE, Prop. COL. F. C. WILLIS, Manager.

Victor Bottled Ale

is second to none in existence and they are ready to stand behind the assertion, further proof of quality is not necessary.

Are you satisfied that 40 years of successful business means anything? So send your next order to

Frank Jones Brewery Co., Portsmouth, R. I., or New York Bottling Co., Newfields, N. H., and make assurance doubly sure. A word to the wise is sufficient.

Put up in 1-2 quarts, pints and quarts.

P. S.—Remember the brand "VICTOR"

STANDARD BRAND.

Newark cement.

400 Barrels of the above Cement Just Landed.

THIS COMPANY'S CEMENT

Has been on the market for the past fifty years. It has been used on the Principal Government and Other Public Works, and has received the commendation of Engineers, Architects and Consumers generally. For more convincing evidence should not be covered. Obtain the best.

FOR SALE BY JOHN H. BROUGHTON

For a Stylish Kitchen

Go to

C. E. Dempsey's Stable,

Deer Street, Or call him by telephone 18-3 and he will send any team you want to your door.

Choice Horses, Well Equipped Carriages

Buy Now!

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW LOT OF Rugs of all descriptions, Milk Wagons, Steam Laundry Wagons, Horse Wagons and Sanitary Carriages. Also a large line of New and Second-Hand Harnesses, Single and Double, Heavy and Light, and I will sell them at Very Low Prices.

Don't want to buy.

THOMAS McCUE,

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FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS.

You want local news! Read the Herald. More local news than all other local dailies combined. Try it

MONDAY, AUGUST 21, 1899.

Labori was attacked where Dreyfus was attacked—in the back.

The public is already convinced that Gen. Mercier put sand in the sugar.

When Tom Reed is in his least talkative mood everybody is most anxious to have him say something.

A fifty-mile dash on snowshoes would be the best way for John Bull and Uncle Sam to settle the Alaskan boundary dispute.

Ex-Gov. Hogg, wearing a 22-inch collar, is the big gun of the democratic party, but there are not enough men behind him.

Those Chicago aldermen who are trying to make the golf suit popular at evening functions are on the right road to notoriety.

To meet a part of her floating indebtedness Spain still owns the floating dock at Havana, which can be cashed in at any time for about \$300,000.

Interest is so great in the prospective meeting of Admiral Dewey and Pope Leo that everybody is wondering what his highness will say to his highness.

Mr. Croker now thinks Mr. Bryan is "one of the greatest men America ever produced." Mr. Croker must have swallowed one of Dr. Canfield's pink pellets.

Sir Walter Scott, although a prolific romancer, was very slow in telling his love. The name of his sweetheart has just been made public—more than sixty years after his death.

As a result of his long up-hill run it is claimed that Aguinaldo is afflicted with traumatic flatfoot. The charge will be indignantly repelled by Edward Atkinson in his next issue.

The officials of San Domingo announce that they will put down the revolt inside of fifteen days. Would it not be a good plan for Secretary Root to enlist a few San Dominicans for service in the Philippines?

By the end of another week it is expected that Col. Bryan will be into the Kentucky campaign as far as New Albany, Ind., which is much closer than he approached to the enemy in his last military experience.

In selecting a sword of honor for Gen. Fred Funston the main trouble so far experienced has been to find one that will contain a complete list of all his victories without making the blade so long that it will tangle with his short legs.

Accepted the Apology.
A prominent New York lawyer is noted for his ready answers and skill in repartee. When a young practitioner appeared before a pompous old judge who took offense at a remark the lawyer made criticizing his decision.

"If you do not instantly apologize for that remark, Mr. Bink, said the judge, 'I shall commit you for contempt of court.'
"Upon reflection, your Honor," instantly replied Mr. Bink, "I find that your Honor was right and I was wrong, as your Honor always is."
The judge looked dubious, but finally said that he would accept the apology.

Analogous Terminations.
Teacher (to new scholar)—What is your name?
New Boy—My name is Jule, sir.
Teacher—You should have said Julius, sir. And now, my lad (turning to another lad), what is your name?
"Billious, sir."—Tilt Bits.

"I had a running, itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and itching instantly and quickly effected permanent cure." OW Lenhart, Bowling Green, O.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE DAYS OF THE COMMUNE RECALLED.

PARIS, Aug. 20.—This city was the scene of most serious disturbances today, recalling in some respects the days of the commune. In response to an appeal of two of the newspapers a group of anarchists and socialists gathered and were addressed by Sebastian Faure and Fabrot. The police interfered and dispersed the crowd, but they gathered again and trouble ensued, in which shots were fired and a commissary of police was stabbed with a knife. The crowd met again in another portion of the city and after smashing in the windows of the church of St. Ambrose proceeded to the church of St. Joseph. The outer gates were forced and the massive iron doors were broken down. The entire church was pillaged, altars, fonts and statues fell to the floor and smashed. The crucifix was made a target for missiles and the figure of the Saviour was fractured. The crucifix was afterwards burned and the statue of the virgin broken into pieces. Another fight ensued with the police, but the anarchists were finally dispersed. This evening there were other disturbances in other parts of the city.

Rioting Continued All Night.

PARIS, Aug. 21.—Rioting continued here all night long. At four o'clock this morning 380 persons had been injured, 360 of whom are in the hospital. Fifty-nine policemen have been injured and 150 persons arrested. At attempt was made to set fire to St. Joseph's church after it had been looted, but the fire was extinguished.

ANOTHER INTERVIEW (?) WITH DEWEY.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The Naples correspondent of the Daily News had an interview with Admiral Dewey in which the latter said that he believed the Philippine question would be soon solved. In his judgment the inhabitants were capable of self government. The way to settle the insurrection would be to concede it to them. He declared he was never in favor of violence towards the Philippines; that after autonomy had been conceded, annexation might be talked of. As to the likelihood of a conflict between the United States and Germany over the Philippines, Admiral Dewey said it was impossible to foresee the unforeseeable.

THE ENEMY ROUTED.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—A despatch received from General Otis, dated Aug. 20th, states that eighty men of the Sixth infantry attacked and routed one hundred of the enemy entrenched at Tibuan. Nineteen of the enemy were killed. First Lieut. Alfred W. Drew of the Twelfth infantry was killed yesterday in the vicinity of Angeles.

BASE BALL.

The following is the result of the National league base ball games played yesterday:
Cincinnati 1, St. Louis 10; at Cincinnati.
Chicago 7, Cleveland 6; Chicago 0, Louisville 5; at Chicago.

MAJOR HARRISON HAS YELLOW FEVER.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 20.—Major Russell B. Harrison, inspector general, is critically ill with yellow fever. He has been isolated, but not brought to the yellow fever hospital.

DESTROYED BY FIRE.

WEIR, N. H., Aug. 20.—The fruit and confectionery store of Frank Cook was destroyed by fire this afternoon. The loss was complete and no insurance. Mr. Cook also lost clothing and quite a sum of money.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—Forecast for New England: Fair, continued warm, on Monday, showers and thunder storms on Tuesday, fresh southerly winds.

GLORIOUS NEWS.

Comes from Dr. D. B. Cargile of Washita, I. T. He writes: "Four bottles of Electric Bitters have cured Mrs. Brewer of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face, and the best doctors could give no help; but her cure is complete and her health is excellent." This shows what thousands have proved, that Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, builds up the strength. Only 50 cents. Sold by Globe Grocery Co. Guaranteed.

WHAT ARE SCABS.

The Reasons Why a Union Man Will Turn Scab.

On the whole, scabs have more troubles than any other class of men. A man is a scab because he is out of a job. When he isn't out of a job he isn't a scab, but a union man and a striker.

The scab becomes a scab impelled by hunger. He is then executed by those that form his social circle. He is not only executed, but belittled with clubs and with all the hazy and uncomfortable missiles with which men under excitement express their minds. For the companies he is a temporary convenience. He is more or less guarded by the police, because the missiles directed at him are often poorly aimed and do damage to the cars when they do not hit him. That the guarding of him is not very effective is shown by the numbers of cases reported in the papers where he has to be carried to hospitals. If he defends himself and hurts any of the strikers he is arrested and put in jail, where he is probably glad to be, if his pay continues.

The scab's job generally lasts but a few weeks. The company hires him for its own personal benefit, and when that is served and the time for the coming of the strike comes it is too late for the scab. He is then too happy to serve him up on the altar of reconciliation to the repentant strikers. It may give him a few weeks' pay and transportation to some other place, but that is but a stop-gap to a man who has risked his life, often, in the hope and on the promise of a permanent job.

If by any chance the scab holds his place after the termination of a strike his life is made uncomfortable to him by the enmity of the regular men. Even if he is not physically molested his isolation is so marked that it is only a matter of time when he has to seek some other employment.

The scab is considered a traitor by his own class. Even those he serves often overlook the courage he must display to come to their rescue; and the general public, which a priori always sympathizes with a strike, only shrugs its shoulders when the regular men waylay and kill a poor scab. A scab's grave is unhonored, his end unsung. Even his wife and children, for whom, perhaps, he is sacrificing himself, regard his actions rather as the desperate effort of him who has no choice than as an exhibition of nobility. In our thoughtlessness we think of the scab "taking the bread out of the mouths" of the regular men, much as we think of castaways driven to cannibalism by hunger.

While there are men unemployed and strikes there will be scabs. Corporations really ought to treat scabs with the greatest consideration, for they are most valuable servants for them. The men, whose grievances are against the corporation, vent their anger against the scab, and in their blind rage against them almost forgets the real grievance, as a bull expends his strength on the red rag and permits the torador to escape. Yet as the rag flag, torn, is cast aside, so the scab, the crisis past, again finds himself on his uppers, without even sympathy to fill his belly.

Science and Hot Climates.

The evil effects of hot climates upon the white race are being rapidly recognized by science. In fact, even with our present imperfect knowledge, says Truxton Beale, in the Forum, a colony of our own planted upon the isthmus of Darien to-day would not be annihilated by the climate as was the Scotch colony placed there in 1698; and, with the rapid advance of sanitary science, it is probable that twenty-five years hence an American farmer will be able to cultivate land in the tropics with less danger to his health than was encountered by his father in playing the valley of the Wabash or the semi-tropical valleys of California a quarter of a century ago.

Mr. Kidd points out that the temperate zones are rapidly being filled up by the white race, and that the richest and most productive part of this planet is in the tropics. Our conclusion from these statements is that the necessary trend of the white race in its geographical expansion and distribution will be toward the tropics; and with necessity will come the means.

The answer to Mr. Kidd's claim, that India has been made habitable only for an official class, is that as yet there has never been any attempt to make it so for any other class. The Chinese, driven forth by the pressure of their dense population, have succeeded in living and prospering in great numbers in all climates, from those of Arctic severity on the borders of Siberia, to the torrid re-swamps of Java and Sumatra. It is not probable that, with science at our command, we shall be able to solve the same problem of life even more successfully.

The human species took its rise in the tropics. The spells of longing for southern climes, so common to most of us, the pleasure we all derive from tropical landscapes, and the survival in us of many other such ancestral traits, show that we have not yet become entirely unadapted to them. In our wanderings in the temperate zone, we have found the mine of modern science; and with the vast accumulations we have made from it, we can now return to and rehabilitate the old home.

Unconscious Humor.

Mabel has just learned to read, and is proud of it. She is baby enough yet, however, to retain the nursery trick of always calling her mother "mummy." Her pet parent was much interested in a recently published account of the finding of the body of an ancient Egyptian king, and when Mabel inquired on reading something to her father, in order to show off, her mother handed her a back number of the newspaper which contained the story of the discovery, saying to her:
"Find the story of the new mummy, Mabel, and read that."
"Shall I look in the birth or the death column?" said Mabel, demurely, and her father snatched her up and hailed her as a coming humorist.

Two Burnans, one of whom is a lad of 17, were sentenced to six months and four months' rigorous imprisonment each by the Myook of Hmawza for attempting to kiss a young Burmese girl—Amrita Bazar Patrika.

AN OLD SUPERSTITION.

Many Stories Prove That Rats Will Leave an Unseaworthy Vessel.

The old superstition, which has grown into an adage, that rats desert a ship which is no longer seaworthy, is still an article of faith with the fresh water sailors of the great lakes. Sundry well-authenticated instances seem to justify this belief. The Vernon was a three-master, which did a tramp business. Built in Buffalo in 1850, she was for many years regarded as one of the best craft on the lakes. Late in the fall, about fifteen years ago, she unloaded a cargo of grain in Buffalo, and reloaded with package freight for Chicago. She was about to sail one rough November night. Just before the lines were let off, one of the seamen saw a rat run over the hawsers to the wharf. In a moment another was seen. The seaman called others of the crew to see the unusual sight. Between fifty and seventy-five rats poured out of the ship and took refuge along the wharf. The crew refused to sail, but the captain was obstinate, shipped a fresh crew, and sailed forthwith. The ship was lost with all hands. The Idaho, a fine passenger steamer, founded in Lake Erie in November, 1897. Out of her crew of twenty-one men nineteen were drowned. Just before the vessel left her moorings a swarm of rats crawled over the hawsers to the wharf. This was known to part of the crew, and four men deserted at the last moment. Similar stories are told of other wrecked vessels, and an old lakeman says: "It has been proved a hundred times. There are a whole lot of things in this world that we don't know anything about. Rats live in the very fibers of a ship. They see what we can't see. When the timbers are hollowed and the seams open, these little animals know that the ship is unsafe, and they desert it."

Too Many Workers.
Philander—Instead of going around and begging, why don't you go to work and earn your living? I believe you don't want to work.

The Bum—Say, boss, there's so many others working that I don't see as it would be important whether I help 'em or not.



DRINK ONLY
THE PUREST
WHISKEY.
WRIGHT & TAYLOR
Louisville Ky.
DISTILLERS
FINE OLD KENTUCKY

Taylor Whiskey.

If you want purity and richness of flavor, try our OLD KENTUCKY TAYLOR, 8 years old and our own distillation and guaranteed pure. Bottled and shipped direct from our warehouses by us. None genuine without our signature on both labels. For consumption, indigestion, and all ailments requiring stimulants OLD KENTUCKY TAYLOR has no superior. Sold by all first-class druggists, grocers, and liquor dealers.
Sold by Globe Grocery Co., Portsmouth, N. H.

Stoddard's Stable

HAS BEEN FITTED OUT WITH NEW CARRIAGES.

You can get the handsomest and most comfortable turn-out in the state at

STODDARD'S.

NEW HACKS, FOR WEDDINGS AND OTHER PARTIES

TELEPHONE 1-2.

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NIGHT CALLS at side entrance, No. 2 Hanover Street and at residence, Cor. New Vaughan Street and Baynes' Ave.

Telephone 59-2.

Mrs. Nelson A. Miles,

Wife of Major-General Miles, writes:—

"Fairy Soap is the Soap of the Century. For toilet, bath, and fine laundry use, I consider it unequalled."

FAIRBANK'S FAIRY SOAP

The best and purest floating white soap made.
Three convenient sizes for the toilet, bath and laundry.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. New York. St. Louis. Boston.

THE FRANK JONES BREWING CO.

OF PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Have just completed a new system for bottling the

OLD INDIA PALE ALE

It is bright and sparkling and has a nice creamy taste, and is prescribed by the doctors generally as a sedative for nervous people. There are but few medicines equal to this ale. Many people who are wakened at night by a glass taken at night secure them a continuing and refreshing sleep. As a tonic for ladies and invalids it has no equal.

Directions:—One small glass full four times a day, before eating and going to bed.

It is a food as well as a medicine. It is bottled by the Newfields Bottling Co. only.

Newfields Bottling Co.,

NEWFIELDS, N. H.

For further particulars write to the

Granite State Fire Insurance Company

OF PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

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Secretary, ALFRED F. HOWARD;
Asst. Secretary, JOHN W. EMERY
Treasurer, JUSTIN V. HANSCOM;
Executive Committee, FRANK JONES
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NEWARK CEMENT COBB'S EXTRA LIME

— AND —
DRAIN PIPE.

We receive weekly shipments

FRESH STOCK.

J. A. & A. W. WALKER

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For Sale by George Hill, Druggist

MUSIC HALL,

F. W. HARTFORD, MANAGER.

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BROTHERS BYRNE

In a Grand Revival of Their Enormously Successful Spectacular Pantomimical Production, the

NEW 8 BELLS,

LATEST EDITION.

Introducing all New Pantomimic Tricks, New Mechanical Effects and a Host of Novelties.

Positively the only Byrne Production Before the Public.

SEE The Funny Horse and Carriage. SEE The Great Fire Scene. SEE The Wonderful Revolving Ship. SEE The Lively Octopus. SEE The John Byrne Troupe of Acrobats.

The Greatest Laughing Show on Earth 1000 SURPRISES!

The Acme of Pantomimic Comedy.

PRICES, 35, 50 & 75 CTS.

Old Furniture Made New.

Why don't you send some of your badly worn upholstered furniture to Robert H. Hall and have it re-upholstered? It will cost but little.

Manufacturer of All Kinds of Cushions and Coverings.

R. H. HALL

Hanover Street, Near Market.

H. W. Nickerson,

Embalmer and Funeral Director,

5 Daniel St., Portsmouth, N. H.
Calls by night at residence, 6 Court street, or at J. A. Snow's, 16 Gates street, will receive prompt attention.
Telephone at Office and Residence.
Office Open From 7 a. m. to 9 p. m.

COAL AND WOOD.

O. E. WALKER & CO.,
Commission Merchant
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Coal and Wood
Office cor. State and Water Sts.
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Gray & Prime

DELIVER
COAL

IN BAGS
NO DUST NO NOISE.
1 Market St. Telephone 2-

Pennyroyal Pills

Original and Only Genuine
as per New York State
Brought to the attention of the
New York State Board of
Health in 1882 and found to be
genuine, and with blue ribbon.
"Take no more of these drugs containing
poisons and poisons." At the
"Herald for Ladies" is later by
Mail. 10 Cents. Testimonials in
Circular. For Circulars Write to
Pennyroyal Pills Co.,
P.O. Box 100, New York, N. Y.

Classified Advertisements.

Small advertisements 50
Singles without space
Seven Words to a Line.
Such as Wants, For Sale and To Let 50 cents
per week 20 cents one insertion.

TOILET—Furnished room with steam heat.
Apply at 34 Fleet street.

Piano for sale. High grade upright piano
been used very little, must be sold. Ad
dress 215 D Box 315, Dover, N. H.

Send 10 cents to us and we will send you a bot
of our Dandruff and Scalp Cure. F. McKee
Dover, N. H.

FREE for Boys and Girls, a beautiful solid
gold adult brilliant, Ruby or Topaz Ti-
fany Settings. Guaranteed to wear years
FREE for selling 20 Mystic Pens at 5c. each
Send name and address. Will send Pens when
sold. Remit us \$1.00 and get the Ring. C. O.
Hunter 489 Smith St., Cincinnati.

When writing mention the Portsmouth Herald

Professional Cards.

W. O. JUNKINS, M. D.,
Residence, 98 State St.
Office, 26 Congress St.
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OFFICE HOURS: 1 A. M., 3 P. M.,
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C. D. HINMAN, D. D. S.,
DENTAL ROOMS, 16 MARKET SQUARE,
Portsmouth, N. H.

F. S. TOWLE, M. D.,
78 State Street, Portsmouth, N. H.

Office Hours:
Until 9 A. M. 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 P. M.

GET YOUR SPRING AND SUM-
MER SUITS OF

O'BARRY THE TAILOR.

At the Lowest Prices

Suits and Overcoats, \$13 and U
Pants, \$3.50 "

Also Cleaning, Repairing and Press-
ing. Satisfaction and fu
Guaranteed.

5 Bridge Street.

Gray & Prime

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Mail. 10 Cents. Testimonials in
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Pennyroyal Pills Co.,
P.O. Box 100, New York, N. Y.

ONE OF OUR BARGAINS
ORGANDIE
DRESS GOODS
 9 Cts. Per Yard,
 FORMER PRICE
19 Cents.
LEWIS E. STAPLES,
 7 Market Street.

THE ORIENT Guarantee

"We agree with the purchaser of each ORIENT bicycle to make good by repair or replacement when delivered at our factory during the current year, transportation prepaid, any imperfection or defect in material or manufacture of such bicycle, etc."
 Compare this with the guarantee of any other wheel on the market.
 LIGHT ROADSTER, \$50.00.

PHILBRICK'S
BICYCLE STORE.
FRANKLIN BLOCK,
 Portsmouth, N. H.

SUMMER TOURISTS SHOULD NOT FAIL
 TO VISIT THE

ISLES OF SHOALS
 Season Now Open.

THE APPLIEDORE

Under the personal management of Mr. Oscar Loughton.

THE OCEANIC

Always especially attractive for Portsmouth people, will be managed this season by Hon. Christopher E. Ryman, a former and most successful proprietor.

STEAMER VIKING

Makes three trips daily. See time table in another column.

**MONEY
TO LOAN**

On First-Class Real Estate
 Security at

TOBEY'S
 Real Estate Agency,

32 Congress Street,
 Portsmouth, N. H.

The scarcity and continued high price of Havana tobacco has had no effect on the quantity of

THE CELEBRATED

7-20-4

10 CENT CIGARS.
 They have always maintained their high standard. Strictly hand-made Sumatra wrapper and long Havana filler. For sale by all first-class dealers

At Wholesale in Portsmouth by
RED S. WRENDELL, J. H. SWETT,
 Deer and Market Sts. Bridge St.

R. G. SULLIVAN
 MANUFACTURER,
 Manchester, N. H.

THE HERALD.

MONDAY, AUGUST 21, 1899

WIND TOO FLUKY FOR YACHTSMEN.

It was not a very promising outlook which greeted the yachtsmen yesterday morning. A thick fog hung over the water and what little breeze there was came in from the eastward, rolling thick masses of the gray mist before it. Toward 9 o'clock occasional catpaws tempted out the yachtsmen, who are always ready to start at the faintest sign of a breeze. Those who expected an increase in the breeze were disappointed, for it remained fluky all day, a ripple here and there, with calm spots between.

WHOLE CITY OUT OF DOORS.

The hurray came which spent itself before it reached our favored locality has brought in its wake the warmth of early summer, which in conjunction with the effulgent radiance of the August moon is literally turning our city out of doors. Everyone of the summer resorts is playing to big business. The cars and boats are filled with a happy, orderly throng and everyone seems intent on laying up a store of ozone against the "long and dreary winter" which comes early down this way.

DIDN'T FEED HIS HORSE.

Gardner T. Locke of Rye, a man 85 years old, was arrested Saturday afternoon and brought to this city by Officer Hodgkins of the S. P. C. A., charged with not feeding his horse properly. He pleaded not guilty. Judge Adams found Locke guilty and ordered him to pay costs of court, which amounted to a little over \$10, which he paid.

BLUE JACKET IN TROUBLE.

An intoxicated sailor attempted to make trouble in H. C. Locke's fruit store on Saturday evening. Mr. Locke quickly collared him and started for the police station. On the way up the blue jacket put up a fight with Mr. Locke, but the latter gamely held on to him until the arrival of the police, who soon landed the man behind the bars.

REGIMENTAL REUNION.

The annual reunion of the Twenty-seventh Maine regimental association will be held at Peak's island, Portland harbor, next Saturday. This regiment was commanded by the late Col. Wentworth of Kittery, and the names of more than one hundred citizens of that town were also borne upon the rolls of the regiment.

MORE GUIDEBOARDS NEEDED.

A great necessity on the outskirts of the city at the intersection of different roads is more guideposts, which the city could erect at a very nominal expense and which would be a great convenience to many people, especially strangers, who frequently experience much difficulty in getting around in the country districts.

TWO ROUNDERS ARRESTED.

Two old rounders were found dead drunk by the police in Broughton's lumber yard at the foot of State street, this morning, and taken to the station. They were stretched out in drowsy contentment and wholly oblivious of their surroundings. They will be tried tomorrow morning.

STATE BOULEVARD.

Chairman Pender of the State boulevard commissioners will soon call a meeting to pass upon various details and arrange for the immediate beginning of construction work. The hearing for abutting land owners in Seabrook is appointed for Thursday, the 31st inst.

THE APPETITE OF A GOAT

Is envied by all poor dyspeptics whose Stomach and Liver are out of order. All such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills, the wonderful Stomach and Liver Remedy, gives a splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular bodily habit that insures perfect health and great energy. Only 25c. at Globe Grocery Co.

COOLER FOR WEDNESDAY.

The advice received from the weather department this noon contain the cheering news that the hot spell is to be vanquished on Wednesday by a cool wave. Before then, we are likely to have thunder storms.

Bodily pain loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

Flatulence is cured by BEECHAM'S PILLS.

RESCUED FROM DROWNING.

Alonzo Smith Performs a Plucky Deed.

There are heroes in Portsmouth. Besides war heroes and Alonzo Smith, the well-known teamster employed by E. Newton, & Co., performed a bit of daring on Sunday afternoon which resulted in the saving of a young life. A young lad, aged five years, named Sullivan, was playing about the wharf in the rear of Frank Jones' office when he fell overboard and after he had splashed about for sometime the attention of some of the people in the vicinity of the steamer Viking's landing was attracted and Mr. Smith was one of them. Like a flash he rushed to the deck of the steamer E. P. Dickson and pulling off his coat he jumped into the water and grabbed the unfortunate youth just as he was sinking for the third time. Mr. Smith kept both himself and the boy afloat until Edward J. Moulton came to their rescue with a boat and pulled them in. The boy was unconscious for sometime but after the kind hands had rolled him considerably he recovered and was taken to his home on Russell street.

GOLF MATCH AT THE NAVY YARD.

An interesting and closely-contested match of golf was played on the Seavey island links on Saturday afternoon between a Portsmouth team and one from the navy yard. The former team was composed of the following well-known local sports: J. W. Pierce, champion of St. Paul's school, Concord, N. H., J. N. Washburne, the famous Portsmouth crack, and J. Foster, Jr., a promising young golfer. This combination succeeded in defeating some of the best golfing material in the navy: Capt. Low, U. S. M. C., Dr. Devalin, U. S. N., and Dr. Dunbar, U. S. N.

Many society people were present from this city and the neighboring summer resorts. The score was as follows:

PORTSMOUTH.	
1. Pierce.....	4
2. Washburne.....	2
3. Foster.....	1
NAVY YARD.	
1. Low.....	0
2. Devalin.....	0
3. Dunbar.....	0

A PIERCE RUNAWAY.

A fierce runaway took place on Sunday morning, during which there were several narrow escapes from serious injury to people who were in the path of the frightened animal.

John Welber hitched a stable horse belonging to H. R. Stoddard in front of his house on State street, and shortly after the animal took fright at something and broke away.

He dashed madly down through the city and a number of times barely missed running over people who were crossing the street or colliding with another team. On the Parade Officer Shannon made a rush for the horse's head, but only succeeded in swinging him out to one side. The buggy struck an iron post in front of F. W. Rice's and in a second the horse was free from it and kept on down around the post office and up State to Middle street. In front of Rev. Alfred Gooding's residence he fell down and cut a terrible gash in his lip besides laming one of his legs badly. He was captured here and taken back to the stable.

GENERAL MILES IN PORTLAND.

General N. A. Miles left York Harbor Sunday morning for Portland, Me., where he will inspect the fortifications at the mouth of the harbor. General Miles will return to York Harbor in a day or two, to pass the remainder of the month with his wife and family.

Maj. General and Mrs. Miles visited the Wentworth on Saturday after an inspection of Fort Constitution. The general made the trip to Kittery Point on the electric and crossed to New-castle on the Butterfield. He was met by a squad of soldiers at the fort. He returned to this city on the fort team.

POLICE COURT.

Two drunks were up before Judge Adams this morning. Frank Hanson pleaded guilty, and was fined three dollars and costs. He is the sailor who raised a rumpus in Locke's fruit store.

John J. Lilly pleaded not guilty, and the case was continued till 3 o'clock this afternoon, for Marshal Entwistle to summon his witnesses.

TO SAIL OCTOBER 15TH.

Orders have been received from Washington for the Yankton and the Eagle to be ready to sail from this yard on October 15.

The survey on the Yankton, calling for the expenditure of \$5000 in repairs, has come back from Washington, approved.

CITY BRIEFS.

The kissing bug
 Upon a leaf
 Secure and snug
 Sang forth in grief,
 "Though I can kiss,
 How much a bug
 Of life must miss
 Who cannot hug!"

A shaggy bear
 Sat by a tree.
 "What weigh of care
 Is mine," quoth he.
 "At hugging I
 Am truly great,
 But vainly try
 To osculate."

And so, all through
 This world we see
 Displayed anew
 Fate's irony.
 Just short of bliss
 They strive and tug
 With hugless hugs
 And kissless kisses.
 —Washington Star.

Sunday was a quiet day in police circles.

Today the city of Portsmouth is fifty years old.

The price of lumber has materially advanced.

There will be a rush from the beaches this week.

The United States court opens here on the 28th.

What glorious evenings these are for band concerts.

The camp meeting trains run to Hedding this week.

This is the real thing in the way of August weather.

The peaches now in the local market come from Georgia.

The beaches were thronged with bathers on Sunday.

The lovers of horse racing will be at Readville this week.

The Rye line will surely be ready for next season's business.

Applications for dates at Music hall are being received from the strongest combinations every day.

The wheelman find the dust pretty deep on the country roads.

A buckboard party from Dover came down to Newcastle Sunday.

All hands and the hired man and cook went trolley riding on Sunday.

The small boys who went in swimming yesterday stayed in about all day.

Conner, photographer studio, (formerly Nickerson's) No. 1 Congress street.

All the cars on the Portsmouth, Kittery & York electric railway were out on Sunday.

Saturday and Sunday nights were two of the most uncomfortable of the summer.

The five o'clock train for Boston on Sunday afternoon was made up of eight crowded cars.

A large number of local Methodists will attend the camp meeting at Hedding this week.

One car on the York line contained eighteen local business and professional men on Sunday.

It is expected that the shipfitters will commence work with all hands on the Raleigh this week.

The "S. G." Londres is made of the choicest stock and is the best ten cent cigar in the market.

Old smokers and new beginners pronounce Dowd's Honest Ten Cigar the finest brand on the market.

Rubber heels become very popular and John G. Mott is fitting out the local public with an excellent article.

The people who complained of the recent cool weather as being unreasonable are now kicking because it is warm.

Passaconaway Inn at York Beach will probably receive an addition of 100 more rooms before another season opens.

Officers Holbrook and Robinson went out this afternoon to cage a drunk but found that the man's friends had taken him off the street.

A schooner in Portsmouth Friday went down like sixty thousand of brick for that was the load she was carrying when she ran into a bridge.—Concord Monitor.

Messrs. William J. Cater, William P. Robinson, Ira A. Newick, Jesse H. Wilson and E. Percy Stoddard, have issued invitations to a burdy-gurdy party in Peirce hall next Friday evening.

The "Old Home Week" in Portsmouth will be exactly what the name implies. All hands will remain at home and the people from far and near will be welcomed to Portsmouth.

Few people have any idea of the large amount of lumber being shipped out of this state. The market must be good for it is not only one day but every day that freight trains are made up with about half the cars loaded with lumber or its products.

In this city there is more or less intoxication as in every city, but it is much freer from habitual female offenders than many other cities. In the city building is a room purposely fitted up for the accommodation of women prisoners, but it is rarely used. In the past year it has not been used more than half a dozen times.

PERSONALS.

Miss Grace Sampson passed Sunday in Boston.

Mr. J. H. Hardwood passed Sunday at Hampton beach.

Lewis E. Fogg of Staples' started on his vacation this morning.

Miss Ada Henderson of this city is visiting her aunt in Dover.

Lawyer T. J. Howard of Manchester passed Sunday in this city.

The Rev. William Warren is attending the Hedding camp-meeting.

George Perkins of the Boston Record was a visitor here on Sunday.

Misses Emma and Louise Baddock spent Sunday at York Beach.

Daniel McIntire will go to Hedding tomorrow for two or three days.

Mr. A. M. Lang and son, Arthur, spent Sunday at Hedding campground.

Mrs. G. W. Hammond and daughter, Inez, of Nashua are visiting relatives and friends here.

Mrs. Fred Moses and daughter, Miss Julia, are shortly to go to Chicago on an extended visit.

The Rev. George H. Dunlap and family of East Concord are passing a week at Newcastle.

Miss Mamie Kimball of Revere, Mass., is passing two weeks at Frank Trefethen's, Kittery.

Miss Maude Emerson of Chelsea, Mass., is the guest of cousin, Bertha M. Hill, Hanover street.

City Treasurer Fred Allen and wife of Manchester are passing two weeks at the Yorksire, York Beach.

Mrs. John S. Tilton and grand-daughter, Emily, who are summering at Hedding, spent Sunday in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Staples of Middle street entertained a party of friends at their Eliot cottage on Sunday.

Miss Adelaide Adams of Concord returned home Saturday from a visit to her uncle, T. H. Peverly, in this city.

E. S. Newton of Manchester went to Star Island Isles of Shoals, Saturday to spend a week at the Oceanic house.

Mr. Fred J. Allen of Boston, formerly of this city, was the guest of his father on Franklin street over Sunday.

Mrs. F. E. H. Marden, wife of Captain Marden of the night watch, was visiting friends in Rochester on Sunday.

Misses Cora Ray and Molly Stevens of Kittery, who have been passing a month at Wolfboro, have returned home.

A. P. Simpson, Charles Smith and W. P. Vennard were among the Portsmouth people at York Beach on Sunday.

F. L. Wallace and wife of Manchester were in town on Sunday having returned from a visit to Fred Allen at York Beach.

Rev. O. S. Baketel, presiding elder of the Concord district, spoke at the R. R. Y. M. C. A. meeting at Rollins' park, Concord, Sunday afternoon.

Misses Annie and May Morrill of Boston, Mass., who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Hanscom, for several weeks, returned home on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Parker W. Whittemore sailed on Sunday on Hon. Frank Jones' yacht Navis for Sorrento. They have just been on a cruise along the Massachusetts coast.

Thomas A. Ward, W. C. Walton, Harry Blynton, G. Fred Drew, H. W. Nickerson, P. A. Kane, and a number of other Portsmouth gentlemen, passed Sunday at Old Orchard.

Miss Agnes Blake gave a delightful card party at the Ladd mansion on Market street on Saturday afternoon from four to six o'clock, in honor of her guest, Miss Eliot.

Mrs. F. B. McQuesten of Boston, who is summering with her young family at Rye Beach, where she has a picturesque residence, intends sailing for Europe next month.

Mr. and Mrs. Parker F. Hitchins and Mrs. William O. Jenkins sail on Wednesday from New York for London on the New York, for a tour abroad. Dr. Jenkins will remain at home to look after his patients.

Col. James R. Stanwood left town on Saturday for Des Moines, Iowa, to attend the fourteenth national encampment of the Union Veterans Union, which convenes on the 22d inst and lasts four days. Col. Stanwood is an aide-de camp on the staff of General R. G. Dyrenforth, commander-in-chief.

A LIFE AND DEATH FIGHT.

Mr. W. A. Hines of Manchester, Ia., writing of his almost miraculous escape from death, says: "Exposure after measles induced serious lung trouble, which ended in Consumption. I had frequent hemorrhages and coughed night and day. All my doctors said I must soon die. Then I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which completely cured me. I would not be without it even if it cost \$5.00 a bottle. Hundreds have used it on my recommendation and all say it never fails to cure Throat, Chest and Lung troubles." Regular size 50c. and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Globe Grocery Co.

OBITUARY.

Isham C. Hornsby.

Isham C. Hornsby of Washington, D. C., at one time numbered with the leading business men of Louisville, Ky., died at York Harbor on Saturday, aged 76 years. Mr. Hornsby had been a resident of Washington for the last twenty years.

GREAT LAND SALE.

The great land sale which is to take place at York Beach on Tuesday near the Anna Springs Hotel promises to be well attended as a great many buyers are examining the property. It is strange to say that many of Portsmouth investors have spent large sums in the gigantic land schemes of the West, which have proved a failure, and have never looked into real estate near home. York real estate has doubled and trebled in value in the last ten years and yet very few Portsmouth people have become land owners in that locality. Cottages at York Harbor, York Beach and York Cliffs have always been paying investments, and this will be a grand opportunity to obtain real estate at a popular resort on easy terms.

HEAD WAITER REMEMBERED

Headwaiter Thompson of the York shire, York Beach, was pleasantly surprised on Saturday, when the guests of that up-to-date summer hotel presented him with an elegant gold-mounted ash tray. The young man is alert for the comfort of all the guests and the gift was a slight token of their appreciation. The Yorkshire is having an excellent season and on Saturday evening the guests enjoyed a hop. Landlord Allen is one of the most successful hotel men at York.



A CLOSE SCRUTINY

of our wall paper will give you some idea of its superior quality, but its great beauty lies in its general artistic and beautiful effect, giving an air of good taste and rich coloring combined, to your interior furnishings. When you wish to re-decorate your walls and ceilings you will find our estimates lower for superior work and fine wall papers than at any house in the city.

J. H. Gardiner
 10 & 12 Daniel St., Portsmouth

GONE ALL TO PIECES.



This man bought a bicycle of a western house for \$18.97. He wishes he hadn't now. The fellow next him paid \$50 for a NATIONAL, and his neck is safe. We sell NATIONALS.

F. B. PARSHLEY & CO.
 16 CONGRESS ST.

The finest line of cycle sundries and the most up-to-date repair shop in the city.

M. G. WILEY, M. D.,

Rupture Specialist,

2 MARKET ST., — PORTSMOUTH

Office Hours: 9 to 11 a. m. 2 to 4 and 7 to 10 p. m. Sundays 10 to 12 a. m.

G. E. PENDER,
 PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office—13 Pleasant St., Exchange Building.

Hours: 10 a. m. to 12 m., 3 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Residence—3 Morrill St.



THE SET OF THE COAT

The hang of the trousers—the general style of the whole

SUIT

We make to order for
\$15.00 And Up
 Will be found absolutely correct. Every detail of the making is carefully studied and skillfully worked out. We invite inspection of our handsome line of Fall and Winter Goods.

JAS. HAUGH
 20 High Street.

WAIT FOR THE CAR

—AT—

=TAYLOR'S=

Have you been there for a delicious ICE CREAM?

His candies are made from the finest stock.

It is the coolest and handiest place in the city.

J. H. TAYLOR
 1 Congress Street, Near High.



**TANKS
WIND MILLS
AND PUMPS**

Gasoline and Hot Air Engines.

Artesian Wells Drilled.

ESTIMATES GIVEN ON APPLICATION
 EXPERIENCED MEN TO DO THE WORK

Steam, Hot Water and Hot
 Air Heating.
PLUMBING AND PIPING.

W. E. Paul
 39 to 45 Market St.

ESTABLISHED IN 1872.

C. E. BOYNTON
 BOTTLER OF ALL KINDS OF

Summer Drinks.

Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Root Beer,
 Tonic, Vanilla, Orange and Strawberry Beer, Coffee, Chocolate and Soda Water in syphons for hotel and family use. Fountains charged at short notice.
 Bottler of Eldredge and Milwaukee Lager, Pilsener, Refined Cider, Cream and Stock Ale.

ORDERS PROMPTLY